[Second Reprint] **SENATE, No. 786**

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

213th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED JANUARY 24, 2008

Sponsored by: Senator STEPHEN M. SWEENEY District 3 (Salem, Cumberland and Gloucester) Senator BARBARA BUONO District 18 (Middlesex)

Co-Sponsored by: Senators Redd and Weinberg

SYNOPSIS

Extends TDI to provide family leave benefits for workers caring for sick family members, newborn and newly adopted children.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As reported by the Assembly Appropriations Committee on March 10, 2008, with amendments.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 2/15/2008)

AN ACT providing benefits for family temporary disability leave, amending R.S.43:21-4 and R.S.43:21-7, amending and supplementing P.L.1948, c.110, and supplementing Title 54A of the New Jersey Statutes.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. Section 2 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-26) is amended to read as follows:
- 2. Purpose. This act shall be liberally construed as remedial legislation enacted upon the following declarations of public policy and legislative findings of fact:

The public policy of this State, already established, is to protect employees against the suffering and hardship generally caused by involuntary unemployment. But the [unemployment compensation law] "unemployment compensation law" provides benefit payments to replace wage loss caused by involuntary unemployment only so long as an individual is "able to work, and is available for work," and fails to provide any protection against wage loss suffered because of inability to perform the duties of a job interrupted by nonoccupational illness, injury, or other disability of the individual or of members of the individual's family. Nor is there any other comprehensive and systematic provision for the protection of working people against loss of earnings due to a nonoccupational sickness [or], accident, or other disability.

The prevalence and incidence of nonoccupational sickness [and], accident, and other disability among employed people is greatest among the lower income groups, who either cannot or will not voluntarily provide out of their own resources against the hazard of an earnings loss caused by nonoccupational sickness [or], accident, or other disability. Disabling sickness or accident occurs throughout the working population at one time or another, and approximately fifteen per centum (15%) of the number of people at work may be expected to suffer disabling illness of more than one week each year.

It [has been] was found, prior to the enactment of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et seq.), that then existing voluntary plans for the payment of cash sickness benefits [cover] covered less than one-half of the number of working people of this State who [are now] were covered by the [unemployment compensation law,] "unemployment compensation law," and that even [this] that degree of voluntary protection

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined \underline{thus} is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

¹Senate SBA committee amendments adopted January 28, 2008.

²Assembly AAP committee amendments adopted March 10, 2008.

1 **[**affords**]** afforded uneven, unequal and sometimes uncertain protection among the various voluntary benefit programs.

3 While the enactment of that law has provided stable protection 4 for New Jersey's disabled workers, very few workers are protected 5 from income losses caused by the need to take time off from work 6 to care for family members who are incapable of self-care, 7 including newborn and newly-adopted children. The growing 8 portion of middle-income families in which all adult family 9 members work, largely due to economic necessity, points to the 10 desperate need for replacement income when a working family member must take time to care for family members who are unable 11 12 to take care of themselves. Moreover, the United States is the only 13 industrialized nation in the world which does not have a mandatory 14 workplace-based program for such income support. It is therefore 15 desirable and necessary to fill the gap in existing provisions for 16 protection against the loss of earnings caused by involuntary 17 unemployment, by extending such protection to meet the hazard of 18 earnings loss due to inability to work caused by nonoccupational 19 sickness [or accident], accidents, or other disabilities of workers 20 and members of their families. Developing systems that help 21 families adapt to the competing interests of work and home not only 22 benefits workers, but also benefits employers by reducing employee 23 turnover and increasing worker productivity.

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The foregoing facts and considerations require that there be a uniform minimum program providing in a systematic manner for the payment of reasonable benefits to replace partially such earnings loss and to meet the continuing need for benefits where an individual becomes disabled during unemployment or needs to care for family members incapable of self-care. In order to maintain consumer purchasing power, relieve the serious menace to health, morals and welfare of the people caused by insecurity and the loss of earnings, to reduce the necessity for public relief of needy persons, to increase workplace productivity and alleviate the enormous and growing stress on working families of balancing the demands of work and family needs, and in the interest of the health, welfare and security of the people of this State, such a system, enacted under the police power, is hereby established, requiring the payment of reasonable cash benefits to eligible individuals [suffering] who are subject to accident or illness which is not compensable under the [workmen's] worker's compensation law or who need to care for family members incapable of self-care.

²While the Legislature recognizes the pressing need for benefits for workers taking leave to care for family members incapable of self-care, it also finds that the need of workers for leave during their own disability continues to be especially acute, as a disabled worker has less discretion about taking time off from work than a worker caring for a family member. Notwithstanding any interpretation of

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- 1 law which may be construed as providing a worker with rights to 2 take action against an employer who fails or refuses to restore the 3 worker to employment after the worker's own disability, the 4 Legislature does not intend that the policy established by 5 P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) of 6 providing benefits for workers during periods of family temporary 7 disability leave to care for family members incapable of self-care be 8 construed as granting any worker an entitlement to be restored by 9 the employer to employment held by the worker prior to taking 10 family temporary disability leave or any right to take action, in tort, 11 or for breach of an implied provision of the employment agreement, 12 or under common law, against an employer who fails or refuses to 13 restore the worker to employment after the family temporary 14 disability leave, and the Legislature does not intend that the policy 15 of providing benefits during family temporary disability leave be 16 construed as increasing, reducing or otherwise modifying any 17 entitlement of a worker to return to employment or right of the 18 worker to take action under the provisions of the "Family Leave 19 Act," P.L.1989, c.261 (C.34:11B-1 et seq.), or the federal "Family 20 and Medical Leave Act of 1993," Pub.L.103-3 (29 U.S.C. s.2601 et seq.).2 21
- 22 Since the enactment of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," 23 P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et seq.), the State government-operated 24 State temporary disability benefits plan, or "State plan," has proven 25 to be highly efficient and cost effective in providing temporary disability benefits to New Jersey workers. The State plan 26 27 guarantees the availability of coverage for all employers, regardless 28 of experience, with low overhead costs and a rapid processing of 29 claims and appeals by knowledgeable, impartial public employees. 30 Consequently, the percentage of all employers using the State plan 31 increased from 64% in 1952 to 98% in 2006, while the percentage 32 of employees covered by the State plan increased from 28% to 83%. 33 A publicly-operated, nonprofit State plan is therefore indispensable to achieving the goals of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," 34 35 P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et seq.).

36 (cf: P.L.1948, c.110, s.2) 37

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38 2. Section 3 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-27) is amended to read as follows:

- 3. As used in this act, unless the context clearly requires otherwise:
- 42 (a) (1) "Covered employer" means, with respect to whether an
 43 employer is required to provide benefits during an employee's own
 44 disability pursuant to P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et seq.), any
 45 individual or type of organization, including any partnership,
 46 association, trust, estate, joint-stock company, insurance company
 47 or corporation, whether domestic or foreign, or the receiver, trustee
 48 in bankruptcy, trustee or successor thereof, or the legal

1 representative of a deceased person, who is an employer subject to

the [chapter to which this act is a supplement, designated as the]

3 "unemployment compensation law" (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), except

4 the State, its political subdivisions, and any instrumentality of the

State unless such governmental entity elects to become a covered

employer [under the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law"]

pursuant to paragraph (2) of this subsection (a); provided, however,

8 that commencing with the effective date of this act, the State of

9 New Jersey, including Rutgers, The State University, the University

of Medicine and Dentistry of New Jersey and the New Jersey

Institute of Technology, shall be deemed a covered employer, as

defined herein.

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"Covered employer" means, after June 30, 2009, with respect to whether the employer is an employer whose employees are eligible for benefits during periods of family temporary disability leave pursuant to P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et seq.), and, after December 31, 2008, whether employees of the employer are required to make contributions pursuant to R.S.43:21-7(d)(1)(G)(ii), any individual or type of organization, including any partnership, association, trust, estate, joint-stock company, insurance company or domestic or foreign corporation, or the receiver, trustee in bankruptcy, trustee or successor thereof, or the legal representative of a deceased person, who is an employer subject to the "unemployment compensation law" (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), including any governmental entity or instrumentality which is an employer under R.S.43:21-19(h)(5), notwithstanding that the governmental entity or instrumentality has not elected to be a covered employer pursuant to paragraph (2) of this subsection (a).

- (2) Any governmental entity or instrumentality which is an employer under R.S.43:21-19(h)(5) may, with respect to the provision of benefits during an employee's own disability pursuant to P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et seq.), elect to become a "covered employer" under this subsection beginning with the date on which its coverage under [subsection 19(h)(5)] R.S.43:21-19(h)(5) begins or as of January 1 of any year thereafter by filing written notice of such election with the division within at least 30 days of the effective date. Such election shall remain in effect for at least two full calendar years and may be terminated as of January 1 of any year thereafter by filing with the division a written notice of termination at least 30 days prior to the termination date.
- (b) (1) "Covered individual" means, with respect to whether an individual is eligible for benefits during an individual's own disability pursuant to P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et seq.), any person who is in employment, as defined in the [chapter to which this act is a supplement], "unemployment compensation law" (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.) for which the individual is entitled to remuneration from a covered employer, or who has been out of such

- 1 employment for less than two weeks [. However,], except that a
- 2 "covered individual" who is employed by the State of New Jersey,
- 3 including Rutgers, The State University, the University of Medicine
- 4 and Dentistry of New Jersey and the New Jersey Institute of
- 5 Technology, or by any governmental entity or instrumentality
- 6 which elects to become a "covered employer" pursuant to this
- amendatory act, shall not be eligible to receive any benefits under
- 8 the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" until such individual has
- 9 exhausted all sick leave accumulated as an employee in the
- 10 classified service of the State or accumulated under terms and 11 conditions similar to classified employees or accumulated under the
- terms and conditions pursuant to the laws of this State or as the
- result of a negotiated contract with any governmental entity or
- instrumentality which elects to become a "covered employer."

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- "Covered individual" shall not mean, with respect to whether an individual is eligible for benefits during an individual's own disability pursuant to P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et seq.), any member of the Division of State Police in the Department of Law and Public Safety.
- (2) "Covered individual" means, with respect to whether an individual is eligible for benefits during the individual's period of family temporary disability leave pursuant to P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et seq.), any individual who is in employment, as defined in the "unemployment compensation law" (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), for which the individual is entitled to remuneration from a covered employer, or who has been out of that employment for less than two weeks.
- (c) "Division" or "commission" means the Division of [Unemployment and] Temporary Disability Insurance of the Department of Labor and Workforce Development, and any transaction or exercise of authority by the director of the division shall be deemed to be performed by the division.
- (d) "Day" shall mean a full calendar day beginning and endingat midnight.
 - (e) "Disability" shall mean such disability as is compensable under section 5 of this act.
 - (f) "Disability benefits" shall mean any cash payments which are payable to a covered individual <u>for all or part of a period of disability</u> pursuant to this act.
 - (g) "Period of disability" with respect to any <u>covered</u> individual shall mean [the]:
- 42 (1) The entire period of time during which the covered individual is continuously and totally unable to perform the duties of [his] the covered individual's employment because of the covered individual's own disability, except that two periods of disability due to the same or related cause or condition and separated by a period of not more than 14 days shall be considered as one continuous period of disability; provided the individual has

earned wages during such 14-day period with the employer who was the individual's last employer immediately preceding the first period of disability: and

- (2) On or after July 1, 2009, the entire period of family temporary disability leave taken from employment by the covered individual.
- (h) "Wages" shall mean all compensation payable by covered employers to covered individuals for personal services, including commissions and bonuses and the cash value of all compensation payable in any medium other than cash.
 - (i) (1) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2001, c.17).
- (2) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2001, c.17).

- (3) "Base week" with respect to periods of disability commencing on or after October 1, 1985 and before January 1, 2001, means any calendar week during which [an] a covered individual earned in employment from a covered employer remuneration equal to not less than 20% of the Statewide average weekly [remuneration] wage determined under subsection (c) of R.S.43:21-3, which shall be adjusted to the next higher multiple of \$1.00 if not already a multiple thereof.
- (4) "Base week" with respect to periods of disability commencing on or after January 1, 2001, means any calendar week of [an] a covered individual's base year during which the covered individual earned in employment from a covered employer remuneration not less than an amount 20 times the minimum wage in effect pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1966, c.113 (C.34:11-56a4) on October 1 of the calendar year preceding the calendar year in which the benefit year commences, which amount shall be adjusted to the next higher multiple of \$1.00 if not already a multiple thereof, except that if in any calendar week an individual subject to this paragraph is in employment with more than one employer, the covered individual may in that calendar week establish a base week with respect to each of the employers from whom the covered individual earns remuneration equal to not less than the amount defined in this paragraph during that week.
- (j) (1) "Average weekly wage" means the amount derived by dividing a covered individual's total wages earned from the individual's most recent covered employer during the base weeks in the eight calendar weeks immediately preceding the calendar week in which a period of disability commenced, by the number of such base weeks.
- (2) If [this] the computation in paragraph (1) of this subsection (j) yields a result which is less than the individual's average weekly earnings in employment[, as defined in the chapter to which this act is a supplement,] with all covered employers during the base weeks in such eight calendar weeks, then the average weekly wage shall be computed on the basis of earnings from all covered employers

during the **[**eight**]** base weeks <u>in the eight calendar weeks</u> immediately preceding the week in which the <u>period of</u> disability commenced.

4 (3) For periods of disability commencing on or after July 1, 5 2009, if the computations in paragraphs (1) and (2) of this 6 subsection (j) both yield a result which is less than the individual's 7 average weekly earnings in employment with all covered employers 8 during the base weeks in the 26 calendar weeks immediately 9 preceding the week in which the period of disability commenced, 10 then the average weekly wage shall, upon a written request to the department by the individual on a form provided by the department, 11 12 be computed by the department on the basis of earnings from all 13 covered employers of the individual during the base weeks in those 14 26 calendar weeks, and, in the case of a claim for benefits from a 15 private plan, that computation of the average weekly wage shall be 16 provided by the department to the individual and the individual's 17 employer.

When determining the "average weekly wage" with respect to a period of family temporary disability leave for an individual who has a period of family temporary disability immediately after the individual has a period of disability for the individual's own disability, the period of disability is deemed to have commenced at the beginning of the period of disability for the individual's own disability, not the period of family temporary disability.

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- (k) "Child" means a biological, adopted, or foster child, stepchild or legal ward of a covered individual, child of a domestic partner of the covered individual, or child of a civil union partner of the covered individual, who is less than 19 years of age or is 19 years of age or older but incapable of self-care because of mental or physical impairment.
- 31 (1) "Domestic partner" means a domestic partner as defined in section 3 of P.L.2003, c.246 (C.26:8A-3).
- 33 (m) "Civil union" means a civil union as defined in section 2 of P.L.2006, c.103 (C.37:1-29).
- (n) "Family member" means a child, spouse, domestic partner,
 civil union partner or parent of a covered individual.
- 37 (o) "Family temporary disability leave" means leave taken by a 38 covered individual from work with an employer to (1) participate in 39 the providing of care², as defined in the "Family Leave Act," P.L.1989, c.261 (C.34:11B-1 et seq.) and regulations adopted 40 pursuant to that act,² for a family member of the individual made 41 necessary by a serious health condition of the family member²[, 42 43 including providing psychological comfort and arranging third party care for the family member **]**²; or (2) be with a child during the first 44 45 12 months after the child's birth, if the individual, or the domestic 46 partner or civil union partner of the individual, is a biological parent

of the child, or the first 12 months after the placement of the child

- 1 for adoption with the individual. "Family temporary disability
- 2 leave" does not include any period of time in which a covered
- 3 <u>individual is paid benefits pursuant to P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25</u>
- 4 <u>et seq.</u>) because the individual is unable to perform the duties of the
- 5 <u>individual's employment due to the individual's own disability.</u>
- 6 (p) "Health care provider" means a health care provider as
 7 defined in the "Family Leave Act", P.L.1989, c.261 (C.34:11B-1 et
 8 seq., and any regulations adopted pursuant to that act.
- 9 (q) "Parent of a covered individual" means a biological parent,
- 10 <u>foster parent, adoptive parent, or stepparent of the covered</u>
 11 <u>individual or a person who was a legal guardian of the covered</u>
- 12 <u>individual when the covered individual was a child.</u>
- 13 <u>(r) "Placement for adoption" means the time when a covered</u> 14 <u>individual adopts a child or becomes responsible for a child pending</u> 15 <u>adoption by the covered individual.</u>
- 16 (s) "Serious health condition" means an illness, injury,
- 17 impairment or physical or mental condition which requires:
- 18 <u>inpatient care in a hospital, hospice, or residential medical care</u>
- 19 <u>facility; or continuing medical treatment or continuing supervision</u>
- 20 by a health care provider.
- 21 (t) "12-month period" means, with respect to an individual who
- 22 <u>establishes a valid claim for disability benefits during a period of</u>
- 23 <u>family temporary disability leave, the 365 consecutive days that</u>
- 24 <u>begin with the first day that the individual first establishes the</u>
- 25 claim.
- 26 (cf: P.L.2001, c.17, s.3)
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- 28 3. Section 5 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-29) is amended to 29 read as follows:
- 5. Compensable disability. [Disability] (a) In the case of the
- 31 <u>disability of a covered individual, disability</u> shall be compensable
- subject to the limitations of this act[, where a] if the disability is
- 33 <u>the result of the</u> covered individual [suffers any] <u>suffering an</u>
- 34 accident or sickness not arising out of and in the course of the
- 35 individual's employment or if so arising not compensable under the
- workers' compensation law [(Title 34 of the Revised Statutes)]
- 37 R.S.34:15-1 et seq., and resulting in the individual's total inability
- 38 to perform the duties of employment.
- 39 (b) In the case of an individual taking family temporary
- 40 <u>disability leave</u>, the leave shall be compensable subject to the
- 41 <u>limitations of P.L. c. (C.)(pending before the</u>
- 42 <u>Legislature as this bill</u>).
- 43 (cf: P.L.1980, c.90, s.13)
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- 45 4. Section 11 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-35) is amended to 46 read as follows:
- 47 11. (a) If the division is furnished satisfactory evidence that a
- 48 majority of the employees covered by an approved private plan

- have made election in writing to discontinue such plan, the division shall withdraw its approval of such plan effective at the end of the calendar quarter next succeeding that in which such evidence is furnished. Upon receipt of a petition therefor signed by not less than 10% of the employees covered by an approved private plan, the division shall require the employer upon 30 days' written notice
- the division shall require the employer upon 30 days' written notice to conduct an election by ballot in writing to determine whether or not a majority of the employees covered by such private plan favor discontinuance thereof; provided, that such election shall not be
- 9 discontinuance thereof; provided, that such election shall not be required more often than once in any 12-month period.

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- (b) Unless sooner permitted, for cause, by the division, no approved private plan shall be terminated by an employer, in whole or in part, until at least 30 days after written notice of intention so to do has been given by the employer to the division and after notices are conspicuously posted so as reasonably to assure their being seen, or after individual notices are given to the employees concerned.
- (c) The division may, after notice and hearing, withdraw its approval of any approved private plan if it finds that there is danger that the benefits accrued or to accrue will not be paid, that the security for such payment is insufficient, or for other good cause shown. No employer, and no union or association representing employees, shall so administer or apply the provisions of an approved private plan as to derive any profit therefrom. The division may withdraw its approval from any private plan which is administered or applied in violation of this provision.
- (d) No termination of an approved private plan shall affect the payment of benefits, in accordance with the provisions of the plan, to [disabled] employees whose period of disability commenced prior to the date of termination. Employees who have ceased to be covered by an approved private plan because of its termination shall, subject to the limitations and restrictions of this act, become eligible forthwith for benefits from the State Disability Benefits Fund for a period of disability commencing after such cessation, and contributions with respect to their wages shall immediately become payable as otherwise provided by law. Any withdrawal of approval of a private plan pursuant to this section shall be reviewable by writ of certiorari or by such other procedure as may be provided by law. With respect to a period of family temporary disability leave immediately after the individual has a period of disability during the individual's own disability, the period of disability is deemed, for the purposes of determining whether the period of disability commenced prior to the date of the termination, to have commenced at the beginning of the period of disability during the individual's own disability, not the period of family temporary disability leave.
- (e) Anything in this act to the contrary notwithstanding, a covered employer who, under an approved private plan, is

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1 providing benefits at least equal to those required by the State plan, 2 may modify the benefits under the private plan so as to provide 3 benefits not less than the benefits required by the State plan[; provided, that individuals]. Individuals covered under [such] a 4 5 private plan shall not be required to contribute to [such] the plan at a rate exceeding 3/4 of 1% of the amount of "wages" established for 6 7 any calendar year under the provisions of R.S.43:21-7(b) prior to 8 January 1, 1975, and 1/2 of 1% for calendar years beginning on or 9 after January 1, 1975. For a calendar year beginning on or after 10 January 1, 2009: an employer providing a private plan only for 11 benefits for employees during their own disabilities may require the 12 employees to contribute to the plan at a rate not exceeding 0.5% of 13 the amount of "wages" established for the calendar year under the 14 provisions of R.S.43:21-7(b); an employer providing a private plan 15 only for benefits for employees during periods of family temporary 16 disability may require the individuals covered by the private plan to 17 contribute an amount not exceeding the amount the individuals 18 would pay pursuant to R.S.43:21-7(d)(1)(G)(ii); an employer 19 providing a private plan both for benefits for employees during their 20 own disabilities and for benefits during periods of family temporary 21 disability may require the employees to contribute to the plan at a 22 rate not exceeding 0.5% of the amount of "wages" established for 23 the calendar year under the provisions of R.S.43:21-7(b) plus an 24 additional amount not exceeding the amount the individuals would 25 pay pursuant to R.S.43:21-7(d)(1)(G)(ii). Notification of [such] 26 the proposed modification shall be given by the employer to the 27 division and to the individuals covered under [such] the plan[, on or before May 1, 1975]. 28 29 (cf: P.L.1974, c.86, s.8)

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- 5. Section 14 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-38) is amended to read as follows:
 - 14. Duration of benefits.

With respect to [periods] any period of disability for an individual's own disability commencing on or after January 1, 1953, disability benefits, not in excess of an individual's maximum benefits, shall be payable with respect to disability which commences while a person is a covered individual under the Temporary Disability Benefits Law, and shall be payable with respect to the eighth consecutive day of such disability and each day thereafter that such period of disability continues; and if benefits shall be payable for three consecutive weeks with respect to any period of disability commencing on or after January 1, 1968, then benefits shall also be payable with respect to the first seven days thereof. With respect to any period of family temporary disability leave commencing on or after July 1, 2009 and while an individual is a covered individual, family temporary disability

- 1 benefits, not in excess of the individual's maximum benefits, shall 2 be payable with respect to the first day of leave taken after the first 3 one-week period following the commencement of the period of 4 family temporary disability leave and each subsequent day of leave 5 during that period of family temporary disability leave; and if 6 benefits become payable on any day after the first three weeks in 7 which leave is taken, then benefits shall also be payable with 8 respect to any leave taken during the first one-week period in which 9 leave is taken. The maximum total benefits payable to any eligible 10 individual for any period of disability of the individual commencing on or after January 1, 1968, shall be either 26 times his weekly 11 12 benefit amount or 1/3 of his total wages in his base year, whichever 13 is the lesser; provided that such maximum amount shall be 14 computed in the next lower multiple of \$1.00 if not already a 15 multiple thereof. The maximum total benefits payable to any 16 eligible individual for any period of family temporary disability 17 leave commencing on or after July 1, 2009, shall be six times the 18 individual's weekly benefit amount or 1/3 of his total wages in his 19 base year, whichever is the lesser; provided that the maximum 20 amount shall be computed in the next lower multiple of \$1.00, if not
- 22 (cf: P.L.1984, c.104, s.2)

already a multiple thereof.

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- 6. Section 15 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-39) is amended to read as follows:
- 15. Limitation of benefits. Notwithstanding any other provision of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et seq.), no benefits shall be payable under the State plan to any [person] individual:
- 30 (a) for the first seven consecutive days of each period of 31 disability; except that:
 - (1) if benefits shall be payable for three consecutive weeks with respect to any period of disability [commencing on or after January 1, 1968], then benefits shall also be payable with respect to the first seven days thereof;
 - (2) in the case of intermittent leave in a single period of family temporary disability leave taken to provide care for a family member of the individual with a serious health condition, benefits shall be payable with respect to the first day of leave taken after the first one-week period following the commencement of the period of family temporary disability leave and each subsequent day of leave during that period of family temporary disability leave; and if benefits become payable on any day after the first three weeks in which leave is taken, then benefits shall also be payable with respect to any leave taken during the first one-week period in which leave is taken, and
- 47 (3) in the case of an individual taking family temporary 48 disability leave immediately after the individual has a period of

disability for the individual's own disability, there shall be no waiting period between the period of the individual's own disability and the period of family temporary disability.

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- (b) (1) for more than 26 weeks with respect to any one period of disability of the individual;
 - (2) for more than six weeks with respect to any one period of family temporary disability leave, or more than 42 days with respect to any one period of family temporary disability leave taken on an intermittent basis to provide care for a family member of the individual with a serious health condition; and
- (3) for more than six weeks of family temporary disability leave during any 12-month period, or more than 42 days of family temporary disability leave taken during any 12-month period, on an intermittent basis to provide care for a family member of the individual with a serious health condition, including family temporary disability leave taken pursuant to R.S.43:21-4(f)(2) while unemployed.
 - (c) for any period of disability which did not commence while the claimant was a covered individual;
- 19 20 (d) for any period of disability of a claimant during which the claimant is not under the care of a legally licensed physician, 21 22 dentist, optometrist, podiatrist, practicing psychologist, advanced 23 practice nurse, or chiropractor, who, when requested by the 24 division, shall certify within the scope of the practitioner's practice, 25 the disability of the claimant, the probable duration thereof, and, 26 where applicable, the medical facts within the practitioner's 27 knowledge or for any period of family temporary disability leave for a serious health condition of a family member of the claimant, 28 29 ¹during which ¹ the family member is not receiving inpatient care in a hospital, hospice, or residential medical care facility or is not 30 31 subject to continuing medical treatment or continuing supervision 32 by a health care provider, who, when requested by the division, shall certify within the scope of the provider's practice, the serious 33 health condition of the family member, the probable duration 34 35 thereof, and, where applicable, the medical facts within the 36 provider's knowledge;
 - (e) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1980, c.90.)
 - (f) for any period of disability due to willfully and intentionally self-inflicted injury, or to injury sustained in the perpetration by the claimant of a crime of the first, second, '[or]' third ',or fourth' degree ', or for any period during which a covered individual would be disqualified for unemployment compensation benefits for gross misconduct under subsection (b) of R.S.43:21-5';
- 44 (g) for any period during which the claimant performs any work 45 for remuneration or profit;
- 46 (h) in a weekly amount which together with any remuneration 47 the claimant continues to receive from the employer would exceed 48 regular weekly wages immediately prior to disability;

1 (i) for any period during which a covered individual would be 2 disqualified for unemployment compensation benefits under 3 subsection (d) of R.S.43:21-5, unless the disability commenced 4 prior to such disqualification; and there shall be no other cause of 5 disqualification or ineligibility to receive disability benefits 6 hereunder except as may be specifically provided in this act. 7

(cf: P.L.2007, c.322, s.1)

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- 7. Section 17 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-41) is amended to read as follows:
 - 17. (a) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1975, c.355.)
- 12 (b) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2001, c.17).
 - (c) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2001, c.17).
 - (d) (1) [With respect to periods of disability commencing on or after October 1, 1984 and before January 1, 2001, no individual shall be entitled to benefits under this act unless the individual has established at least 20 base weeks within the 52 calendar weeks preceding the week in which the individual's period of disability commenced, or, in the alternative, the individual has earned twelve times the Statewide average weekly remuneration paid to workers, as determined under subsection (c) of R.S. 43:21-3, raised to the next higher multiple of \$100.00, if not already a multiple thereof, or more within the 52 calendar weeks preceding the week in which the period of disability commenced, nor shall the individual be entitled to benefits unless he shall duly file notice and proof of claim, and submit to such reasonable examinations as are required by this act and the rules and regulations of the division.] (Deleted by amendment, P.L. , c. .)(pending before the Legislature as this bill)
 - (2) With respect to periods of disability commencing on or after January 1, 2001, no individual shall be entitled to benefits under this act unless the individual has, within the 52 calendar weeks preceding the week in which the individual's period of disability commenced, established at least 20 base weeks or earned not less than 1,000 times the minimum wage in effect pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1996, c.113 (C.34:11-56a4) on October 1 of the calendar year preceding the calendar year in which the disability commences, which amount shall be adjusted to the next higher multiple of \$100.00, if not already a multiple thereof.
 - (e) With respect to a period of family temporary disability leave for an individual who has a period of family temporary disability immediately after the individual has a period of disability for the individual's own disability, the period of disability is deemed, for the purposes of specifying the time of the 52-week period in which base weeks or earnings are required to be established for benefit eligibility pursuant to this subsection (e), to have commenced at the

beginning of the period of disability for the individual's own
 disability, not the period of family temporary disability.

3 (cf: P.L.2001, c.17, s.4)

- 8. Section 31 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-55) is amended to read as follows:
- 31. Penalties. (a) Whoever makes a false statement or representation knowing it to be false or knowingly fails to disclose a material fact, and each such false statement or representation or failure to disclose a material fact shall constitute a separate offense, to obtain or increase any disability benefit under the State plan or an approved private plan, or for a disability during unemployment, including any benefit during a period of family temporary disability leave, either for himself or for any other person, shall be liable for a fine of 2 [twenty dollars (\$20.00)] 2 to be paid to the division. Upon refusal to pay such fine, the same shall be recovered in a civil action by the division in the name of the State of New Jersey. If in any case liability for the payment of a fine as aforesaid shall be determined, any person who shall have received any benefits hereunder by reason of the making of such false statements or representations or failure to disclose a material fact, shall not be entitled to any benefits under this act for any disability occurring prior to the time he shall have discharged his liability hereunder to pay such fine.
 - (b) Any employer or any officer or agent of any employer or any other person who makes a false statement or representation knowing it to be false or knowingly fails to disclose a material fact, to prevent or reduce the benefits to any person entitled thereto, or to avoid becoming or remaining subject hereto or to avoid or reduce any contribution or other payment required from an employer under this act, or who willfully fails or refuses to make any such contributions or other payment or to furnish any reports required hereunder or to produce or permit the inspection or copying of records as required hereunder, shall be liable for a fine of twenty dollars ²[(\$20.00)] \$250² to be paid to the division. Upon refusal to pay such fine, the same shall be recovered in a civil action by the division in the name of the State of New Jersey.
 - (c) Any person who shall willfully violate any provision hereof or any rule or regulation made hereunder, for which a fine is neither prescribed herein nor provided by any other applicable statute, shall be liable to a fine of ²[fifty dollars (\$50.00)] \$500² to be paid to the division. Upon the refusal to pay such fine, the same shall be recovered in a civil action by the division in the name of the State of New Jersey.
 - (d) Any person, employing unit, employer or entity violating any of the provisions of the above subsections with intent to defraud the division shall in addition to the penalties hereinbefore described, be liable for each offense upon conviction before the

- Superior Court or any municipal court for a fine not to exceed two hundred fifty dollars (\$250.00) \$\frac{\$1,000}{}\$ or by imprisonment
- for a term not to exceed ninety days, or both, at the discretion of the
- 4 court. The fine upon conviction shall be payable to the State
- 5 disability benefits fund of the division. Any penalties imposed by
- 6 this subsection shall be in addition to those otherwise prescribed in
- 7 this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.).
- 8 (cf: P.L.1997, c.318, s.1)

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- 9. Section 2 of P.L.1997, c.318 (C.43:21-55.1) is amended to read as follows:
- 12 2. (a) If it is determined by the division that an individual for 13 any reason has received, under the State plan, an approved private 14 plan or for a disability during unemployment, any sum of disability 15 benefits, including benefits during a period of family temporary 16 disability leave, to which the individual was not entitled, the 17 individual shall, except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, 18 be liable to repay the sum in full. Except as provided in subsection 19 (b) of this section, the sum that the individual is liable to repay shall 20 be deducted from future benefits payable to the individual under 21 this act (C.43:21-25 et seq.) or subsection (f) of R.S.43:21-4, or 22 shall be repaid by the individual to the division, the employer or the 23 insurer, and that sum shall be collectible in the manner provided for 24 by law, including, but not limited to, the filing of a certificate of 25 debt with the Clerk of the Superior Court of New Jersey; except that 26 no individual who does not knowingly misrepresent or withhold any 27 material fact to obtain benefits shall be liable for any repayments or 28 deductions against future benefits unless notified before four years 29 have elapsed from the time the benefits in question were paid. The 30 division shall promptly notify the individual by mail of the 31 determination and the reasons for the determination. Unless the 32 individual files an appeal of the determination within 20 calendar 33 days following the receipt of the notice, or, within 24 days after the 34 notice was mailed to the individual's last known address, the 35 determination shall be final.
 - (b) If the individual received the overpayment of benefits because of error made by the division, the employer or the physician, and if the individual did not knowingly misrepresent or withhold any material fact to obtain the benefits, the following limits shall apply:
 - (1) The amount withheld from any subsequent benefit check shall be an amount not greater than 50% of the amount of the check; and
 - (2) All repayments of the overpayments by the individual or the estate of the individual shall be waived if the individual is deceased or permanently disabled.

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Any demand for repayment from an individual pursuant to this subsection shall include an explanation of the provisions of this subsection.

4 (cf: P.L.1997, c.318, s.2)

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- 10. (New section) a. Family temporary disability leave shall be compensable subject to the limitations of P.L.____, c.___ (C.___) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) for any period of family temporary disability leave taken by a covered individual which commences after June 30, 2009.
- b. An individual shall not simultaneously receive disability benefits for family temporary disability leave and any other disability benefits pursuant to P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et seq.) or any unemployment compensation.
- 15 c. The employer of an individual may¹, notwithstanding any 16 other provision of law, including the provisions of N.J.S.18A:30-1 17 et seq., permit or require the individual, during a period of family 18 temporary disability leave, to use any paid sick leave, vacation time 19 or other leave at full pay made available by the employer before the 20 individual is eligible for disability benefits for family temporary 21 disability leave pursuant to P.L.___, c.___(C.___) (pending before 22 the Legislature as this bill) ¹[this act]¹, except that the employer 23 may not require the individual to use more than two weeks worth of 24 leave at full pay. The employer may also have the total number of 25 worth of disability benefits paid pursuant 26 P.L.__, c.___(C.___) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) to 27 the individual during a period of family temporary disability leave 28 reduced by the number of days of leave at full pay paid by the 29 employer to the individual during that period. If the employer 30 requires the individual to use leave at full pay, the employee shall 31 be permitted to take that fully-paid leave during the waiting period 32 required pursuant to subsection (a) of section 15 of P.L.1948, c.110 33 (C.43:21-39). Nothing in P.L.__, c.__(C.__) (pending before the 34 Legislature as this bill) shall be construed as nullifying any provision of an existing collective bargaining agreement or 35 36 employer policy, or preventing any new provision of a collective 37 bargaining agreement or employer policy, which provides 38 employees more generous leave or gives employees greater rights to 39 select which kind of leave is used or select the order in which the different kinds of leave are used. Nothing in P.L.__, c.__(C.__) 40 41 (pending before the Legislature as this bill) shall be construed as 42 preventing an employer from providing more generous benefits than 43 are provided under '[this act]' P.L.__, c.__(C.__) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) or providing benefits which supplement 44 45 the benefits provided under P.L.__, c.__(C.__) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) for some or all of the employer's 46 47 employees.

- 1 d. An individual who is entitled to leave under the provisions 2 of the "Family Leave Act," P.L.1989, c.261 (C.34:11B-1 et seq.) or 3 the federal "Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993," Pub.L.103-3 (29 U.S.C. s.2601 et seq.), shall take any benefits provided for 4 5 family temporary disability leave pursuant to P.L.__, c.__(C.__) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) concurrently with leave 6 7 taken pursuant to the "Family Leave Act," P.L.1989, c.261 8 (C.34:11B-1 et seq.) or the federal "Family and Medical Leave Act 9 of 1993," Pub.L.103-3 (29 U.S.C. s.2601 et seq.). Nothing in 10 P.L.__, c.___(C.___) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) 11 shall be construed to grant an employee any entitlement to be 12 restored by the employer to employment held by the employee prior to taking family ¹temporary disability leave ¹ or any right to take 13 action against an employer who refuses to restore the employee to 14 15 employment after the leave. Nothing in P.L.__, c.__(C.__) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) shall be construed to 16 17 increase, reduce or otherwise modify any entitlement of an 18 employee to return to employment or right of the employee to take 19 action under the provisions of the "Family Leave Act," P.L.1989, 20 c.261 (C.34:11B-1 et seq.) the federal "Family and Medical Leave 21 Act of 1993," Pub.L.103-3 (29 U.S.C. s.2601 et seq.). ²If an 22 employee receives benefits for family temporary disability leave 23 pursuant to P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as 24 this bill) with respect to employment with an employer who is not 25 an employer as defined in the "Family Leave Act," P.L.1989, c.261 26 (C.34:11B-1 et seq.) and that employer fails or refuses to restore the 27 employee to employment after the period of family temporary disability leave, that failure or refusal shall not be a wrongful 28 29 discharge in violation of a clear mandate of public policy, and the 30 employee shall not have a cause of action against that employer, in 31 tort, or for breach of an implied provision of the employment 32 agreement, or under common law, for that failure or refusal.² An employee taking family temporary disability leave or an 33 34 employer from whom the employee is taking the leave shall have 35 the same right to appeal a determination of a benefit for the family temporary disability leave made under ¹[this act] P.L. 36 37 (C.____) (pending before the Legislature as this bill)¹ as an employee or employer has to appeal a determination of a benefit 38 39 for the disability of the employee under the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (1[C.43:21-26] C.43:21-251 et 40 seq.), and any regulations adopted pursuant to the "Temporary 41 Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (1 [C.43:21-26] C.43:21-42 43 25^{1} et seq.). 44 In the event of a period of family temporary disability leave 45
- of any individual covered under the State plan, the employer shall, not later than the ninth day of the period of family temporary disability leave, including any waiting period or time in which the

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1 employer provides sick leave, vacation or other fully paid leave, 2 issue to the individual and to the division printed notices on 3 division forms containing the name, address and Social Security 4 number of the individual, such wage information as the division 5 may require to determine the individual's eligibility for benefits, including any sick pay, vacation or other fully paid time off 6 7 provided by the employer during the period of family temporary 8 disability leave, and the name, address, and division identity 9 Not later than 30 days after the number of the employer. 10 commencement of the period of family temporary disability leave 11 for which the notice is furnished by the employer, the individual 12 shall furnish to the division a notice and claim for family temporary 13 disability leave benefits. Upon the submission of the notices by the 14 employer and the individual, the division may issue benefit 15 payments. In the case of family temporary disability leave taken to 16 care for a family member with a serious health condition, the 17 benefits may be paid for periods not exceeding three weeks pending 18 the receipt of the certification required pursuant to subsection b. of 19 section 11 of P.L.__, c.__(C.__) (pending before the Legislature 20 as this bill). Failure to furnish notice and certification in the 21 manner above provided shall not invalidate or reduce any claim if it 22 shall be shown to the satisfaction of the division not to have been 23 reasonably possible to furnish the notice and certification and that 24 the notice and certification was furnished as soon as reasonably 25 possible. 26

g. Each covered employer shall conspicuously notification, in a place or places accessible to all employees in each of the employer's workplaces, in a form issued in regulation promulgated by the commissioner, of each covered employee's rights regarding benefits payable pursuant to this section. The employer shall also provide each employee of the employer with a written copy of the notification: (1) not later than 30 days after the form of the notification is issued by regulation; (2) at the time of the employee's hiring, if the employee is hired after the issuance; (3) whenever the employee notifies the employer that the employee is taking time off for circumstances under which the employee is eligible for benefits pursuant to this section; and (4) at any time, upon the first request of the employee.

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11. (New section) a. In the case of a family member who has a serious health condition, the benefits for family temporary disability leave may be taken intermittently when medically necessary, if: the total time within which the leave is taken does not exceed 12 months; the covered individual provides the employer with a copy of the certification required pursuant to subsection b. of this section; the covered individual provides the employer with prior notice of the leave not less than 15 days before the first day on which benefits are paid for the intermittent leave, unless an emergency or

1 other unforeseen circumstance precludes prior notice; and the 2 covered individual makes a reasonable effort to schedule the leave 3 so as not to unduly disrupt the operations of the employer and, if 4 possible, provide the employer, prior to the commencement of 5 intermittent leave, with a regular schedule of the days or days of the 6 week on which the intermittent leave will be taken. In the case of 7 family temporary disability leave benefits to care for a family 8 member with a serious health condition which are taken on a 9 continuous, non-intermittent basis, the covered individual shall: 10 provide the employer with prior notice of the leave in a reasonable 11 and practicable manner, unless an emergency or other unforeseen 12 circumstance precludes prior notice; provide a copy of the 13 certification required pursuant to subsection b. of this section; make a reasonable effort to schedule the leave so as not to unduly disrupt 14 15 the operations of the employer.

- b. Any period of family temporary disability leave for the serious health condition of a family member of the covered individual shall be supported by certification provided by a ¹[legally licensed physician, dentist, optometrist, podiatrist, practicing psychologist, advanced practice nurse, or chiropractor] health care provider. The certification shall be sufficient if it states:
- (1) The date, if known, on which the serious health condition commenced;
 - (2) The probable duration of the condition;

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- (3) The medical facts within the knowledge of the provider of the certification regarding the condition;
- (4) A statement that the serious health condition warrants the participation of the covered individual in providing health care, ²[including providing psychological comfort and arranging third party care for the family member] as provided in the "Family Leave Act," P.L.1989, c.261 (C.34:11B-1 et seq.) and regulations adopted pursuant to that act²;
- (5) An estimate of the amount of time that the covered individual is needed for participation in the care of the family member;
- (6) If the leave is intermittent, a statement of the medical necessity for the intermittent leave and the expected duration of the intermittent leave; and
- (7) If the leave is intermittent and for planned medical treatment, the dates of the treatment.
- c. A covered individual claiming benefits to provide care for a family member with a serious health condition under the State plan or during unemployment shall, if requested by the division, have the family member submit to an examination by a '[legally licensed physician, dentist, optometrist, podiatrist, chiropractor, practicing psychologist, advanced practice nurse, or public health nurse]

health care provider designated by the division. The examinations shall not be more frequent than once a week, shall be made without cost to the claimant and shall be held at a reasonable time and place. Refusal of the family member to submit to an examination requested pursuant to this subsection shall disqualify the claimant from all benefits for the period in question, except from benefits

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- 12. (New section) a. All of the disability benefits paid to a covered individual during a period of family temporary disability leave with respect to any one birth or adoption shall be for a single continuous period of time, except that the employer of the covered individual may permit the covered individual to receive the disability benefits during non-consecutive weeks in a manner mutually agreed to by the employer and the covered individual and disclosed to the division by the employer.
- b. The covered individual shall provide the employer with notice of the period of family temporary disability leave with respect to birth or adoption not less than 30 days before the leave commences, unless it commences while the individual is receiving unemployment benefits, in which case the covered individual shall notify the division. The amount of benefits shall be reduced by two weeks worth of benefits if the individual does not provide notice to an employer as required by this subsection b., unless the time of the leave is unforeseeable or the time of the leave changes for unforeseeable reasons.
- c. Family temporary disability leave taken because of the birth or placement for adoption of a child may be taken at any time within a year after the date of the birth or placement for adoption.

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13. (New section) a. The Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development shall issue and make available to the public, not later than December 31, 2010, and each subsequent year, annual reports providing data on temporary disability benefits, including separate data for claims involving pregnancy and childbirth, and family temporary disability benefits, including separate data for each of the following categories of claims: care of newborn children; care of newly adopted children; care of sick children; care of sick spouses, and care of other sick family members. The reports shall include, for each category of claims, the number of workers receiving the benefits, the amount of benefits paid, the average duration of benefits, the average weekly benefit, and, in the case of family temporary disability benefits, any reported amount of sick leave, vacation or other fully paid time which resulted in reduced benefit duration. The report shall provide data by gender and by any other factors determined to be relevant demographic by commissioner. The reports shall also provide, for all temporary disability benefits and for all family temporary disability benefits,

the total costs of benefits and the total cost of administration, the portion of benefits for claims during unemployment, and the total revenues from: employer assessments, where applicable; employee assessments; and other sources.

- b. The commissioner may, in his discretion, conduct surveys and other research regarding, and include in the annual reports descriptions and evaluations of, the impact and potential future impact of the provisions of P.L.___, c.___(C.___) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill) on the State disability benefits fund, and other effects of those provisions, including the costs and benefits resulting from the provisions of P.L.___, c.___(C.___) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill) for:
- (1) Employees and their families, including surveys and evaluations of: what portion of the total number of employees taking leave would not have taken leave, or would have taken less leave, without the availability of benefits; what portion of employees return to work after receiving benefits and what portion are not permitted to return to work; and what portion of employees who are eligible for benefits do not claim or receive them and why they do not;
- (2) Employers, including benefits such as reduced training and other costs related to reduced turnover of personnel, and increased affordability of family temporary disability leave insurance through the State plan, with special attention given to small businesses; and
- (3) The public, including savings caused by any reduction in the number of people receiving public assistance.
- c. The total amount of any expenses which the commissioner determines are necessary to carry out its duties pursuant to this section shall be charged to the Family Temporary Disability Leave Account of the State disability benefits fund, except that the amount shall in no case exceed \$150,000 during any fiscal year.

14. R.S. 43:21-4 is amended to read as follows:

- 43:21-4. Benefit eligibility conditions. An unemployed individual shall be eligible to receive benefits with respect to any week only if:
- (a) The individual has filed a claim at an unemployment insurance claims office and thereafter continues to report at an employment service office or unemployment insurance claims office, as directed by the division in accordance with such regulations as the division may prescribe, except that the division may, by regulation, waive or alter either or both of the requirements of this subsection as to individuals attached to regular jobs, and as to such other types of cases or situations with respect to which the division finds that compliance with such requirements would be oppressive, or would be inconsistent with the purpose of this act; provided that no such regulation shall conflict with subsection (a) of R.S.43:21-3.

(b) The individual has made a claim for benefits in accordance with the provisions of subsection (a) of R.S.43:21-6.

- (c) (1) The individual is able to work, and is available for work, and has demonstrated to be actively seeking work, except as hereinafter provided in this subsection or in subsection (f) of this section.
- (2) The director may modify the requirement of actively seeking work if such modification of this requirement is warranted by economic conditions.
- (3) No individual, who is otherwise eligible, shall be deemed ineligible, or unavailable for work, because the individual is on vacation, without pay, during said week, if said vacation is not the result of the individual's own action as distinguished from any collective action of a collective bargaining agent or other action beyond the individual's control.
- (4) (A) Subject to such limitations and conditions as the division may prescribe, an individual, who is otherwise eligible, shall not be deemed unavailable for work or ineligible because the individual is attending a training program approved for the individual by the division to enhance the individual's employment opportunities or because the individual failed or refused to accept work while attending such program.
- (B) For the purpose of this paragraph (4), any training program shall be regarded as approved by the division for the individual if the program and the individual meet the following requirements:
- (i) The training is for a labor demand occupation and is likely to enhance the individual's marketable skills and earning power;
- (ii) The training is provided by a competent and reliable private or public entity approved by the Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development pursuant to the provisions of section 8 of the "1992 New Jersey Employment and Workforce Development Act," P.L.1992, c.43 (C.34:15D-8);
- 33 (iii) The individual can reasonably be expected to complete the 34 program, either during or after the period of benefits;
 - (iv) The training does not include on the job training or other training under which the individual is paid by an employer for work performed by the individual during the time that the individual receives benefits; and
 - (v) The individual enrolls in vocational training, remedial education or a combination of both on a full-time basis.
 - (C) If the requirements of subparagraph (B) of this paragraph (4) are met, the division shall not withhold approval of the training program for the individual for any of the following reasons:
 - (i) The training includes remedial basic skills education necessary for the individual to successfully complete the vocational component of the training;

(ii) The training is provided in connection with a program under which the individual may obtain a college degree, including a postgraduate degree;

- (iii) The length of the training period under the program; or
- (iv) The lack of a prior guarantee of employment upon completion of the training.
- (D) For the purpose of this paragraph (4), "labor demand occupation" means an occupation for which there is or is likely to be an excess of demand over supply for adequately trained workers, including, but not limited to, an occupation designated as a labor demand occupation by the [New Jersey] Center for Occupational Employment Information [Coordinating Committee] pursuant to the provisions of subsection [h.] d. of section [1 of P.L.1987, c.457 (C.34:1A-76) or section 12 of P.L.1992, c.43 (C.34:1A-78)] 27 of P.L.2005, c.354 (C.34:1A-86).
- (5) An unemployed individual, who is otherwise eligible, shall not be deemed unavailable for work or ineligible solely by reason of the individual's attendance before a court in response to a summons for service on a jury.
- (6) An unemployed individual, who is otherwise eligible, shall not be deemed unavailable for work or ineligible solely by reason of the individual's attendance at the funeral of an immediate family member, provided that the duration of the attendance does not extend beyond a two-day period.

For purposes of this paragraph, "immediate family member" includes any of the following individuals: father, mother, mother-in-law, father-in-law, grandmother, grandfather, grandchild, spouse, child, child placed by the Division of Youth and Family Services in the Department of Children and Families, sister or brother of the unemployed individual and any relatives of the unemployed individual residing in the unemployed individual's household.

- (7) No individual, who is otherwise eligible, shall be deemed ineligible or unavailable for work with respect to any week because, during that week, the individual fails or refuses to accept work while the individual is participating on a full-time basis in self-employment assistance activities authorized by the division, whether or not the individual is receiving a self-employment allowance during that week.
- (8) Any individual who is determined to be likely to exhaust regular benefits and need reemployment services based on information obtained by the worker profiling system shall not be eligible to receive benefits if the individual fails to participate in available reemployment services to which the individual is referred by the division or in similar services, unless the division determines that:
- 46 (A) The individual has completed the reemployment services; or
- 47 (B) There is justifiable cause for the failure to participate, which 48 shall include participation in employment and training, self-

employment assistance activities or other activities authorized by the division to assist reemployment or enhance the marketable skills and earning power of the individual and which shall include any other circumstance indicated pursuant to this section in which an individual is not required to be available for and actively seeking work to receive benefits.

- (9) An unemployed individual, who is otherwise eligible, shall not be deemed unavailable for work or ineligible solely by reason of the individual's work as a board worker for a county board of elections on an election day.
- (d) With respect to any benefit year commencing before January 1, 2002, the individual has been totally or partially unemployed for a waiting period of one week in the benefit year which includes that week. When benefits become payable with respect to the third consecutive week next following the waiting period, the individual shall be eligible to receive benefits as appropriate with respect to the waiting period. No week shall be counted as a week of unemployment for the purposes of this subsection:
- (1) If benefits have been paid, or are payable with respect thereto; provided that the requirements of this paragraph shall be waived with respect to any benefits paid or payable for a waiting period as provided in this subsection;
- (2) If it has constituted a waiting period week under the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et seq.);
- (3) Unless the individual fulfills the requirements of subsections (a) and (c) of this section;
- (4) If with respect thereto, claimant was disqualified for benefits in accordance with the provisions of subsection (d) of R.S.43:21-5.

The waiting period provided by this subsection shall not apply to benefit years commencing on or after January 1, 2002. An individual whose total benefit amount was reduced by the application of the waiting period to a claim which occurred on or after January 1, 2002 and before the effective date of P.L.2002, c.13, shall be permitted to file a claim for the additional benefits attributable to the waiting period in the form and manner prescribed by the division, but not later than the 180th day following the effective date of P.L.2002, c.13 unless the division determines that there is good cause for a later filing.

- (e) (1)(Deleted by amendment, P.L.2001, c.17).
- (2) [With respect to benefit years commencing on or after January 1, 1996 and before January 7, 2001, except as otherwise provided in paragraph (3) of this subsection, the individual has, during his base year as defined in subsection (c) of R.S.43:21-19:
- (A) Established at least 20 base weeks as defined in paragraph (2) of subsection (t) of R.S.43:21-19; or
- 47 (B) If the individual has not met the requirements of 48 subparagraph (A) of this paragraph (2), earned remuneration not

less than an amount 12 times the Statewide average weekly remuneration paid to workers, as determined under R.S.43:21-3(c), which amount shall be adjusted to the next higher multiple of \$100 if not already a multiple thereof; or

If the individual has not met the requirements of subparagraph (A) or (B) of this paragraph (2), earned remuneration not less than an amount 1,000 times the minimum wage in effect pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1966, c.113 (C.34:11-56a4) on October 1 of the calendar year preceding the calendar year in which the benefit year commences, which amount shall be adjusted to the next higher multiple of \$100 if not already a multiple thereof. Deleted by amendment, P.L. C.) (pending before the legislature as this bill).

- [(3) With respect to benefit years commencing before January 7, 2001, notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (2) of this subsection, an unemployed individual claiming benefits on the basis of service performed in the production and harvesting of agricultural crops shall, subject to the limitations of subsection (i) of R.S.43:21-19, be eligible to receive benefits if during his base year, as defined in subsection of R.S.43:21-19, the individual:
- (A) Has established at least 20 base weeks as defined in paragraph (2) of subsection (t) of R.S.43:21-19; or
- (B) Has earned 12 times the Statewide average weekly remuneration paid to workers, as determined under R.S.43:21-3(c), raised to the next higher multiple of \$100.00 if not already a multiple thereof, or more; or
- (C) Has performed at least 770 hours of service in the production and harvesting of agricultural crops. I (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).
- (4) With respect to benefit years commencing on or after January 7, 2001, except as otherwise provided in paragraph (5) of this subsection, the individual has, during his base year as defined in subsection (c) of R.S.43:21-19:
- (A) Established at least 20 base weeks as defined in paragraphs (2) and (3) of subsection (t) of R.S.43:21-19; or
- (B) If the individual has not met the requirements of subparagraph (A) of this paragraph (4), earned remuneration not less than an amount 1,000 times the minimum wage in effect pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1966, c.113 (C.34:11-56a4) on October 1 of the calendar year preceding the calendar year in which the benefit year commences, which amount shall be adjusted to the next higher multiple of \$100 if not already a multiple thereof.
- (5) With respect to benefit years commencing on or after January 7, 2001, notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (4) of this subsection, an unemployed individual claiming benefits on the basis of service performed in the production and harvesting of agricultural crops shall, subject to the limitations of subsection (i)

of R.S.43:21-19, be eligible to receive benefits if during his base year, as defined in subsection (c) of R.S.43:21-19, the individual:

- (A) Has established at least 20 base weeks as defined in paragraphs (2) and (3) of subsection (t) of R.S.43:21-19; or
- (B) Has earned remuneration not less than an amount 1,000 times the minimum wage in effect pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1966, c.113 (C.34:11-56a4) on October 1 of the calendar year preceding the calendar year in which the benefit year commences, which amount shall be adjusted to the next higher multiple of \$100 if not already a multiple thereof; or
- (C) Has performed at least 770 hours of service in the production and harvesting of agricultural crops.
- (6) The individual applying for benefits in any successive benefit year has earned at least six times his previous weekly benefit amount and has had four weeks of employment since the beginning of the immediately preceding benefit year. This provision shall be in addition to the earnings requirements specified in paragraph [(2), (3),] (4) or (5) of this subsection, as applicable.
- (f) (1) The individual has suffered any accident or sickness not compensable under the workers' compensation law, R.S.34:15-1 et seq. and resulting in the individual's total disability to perform any work for remuneration, and would be eligible to receive benefits under this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.) (without regard to the maximum amount of benefits payable during any benefit year) except for the inability to work and has furnished notice and proof of claim to the division, in accordance with its rules and regulations, and payment is not precluded by the provisions of R.S.43:21-3(d); provided, however, that benefits paid under this subsection (f) shall be computed on the basis of only those base year wages earned by the claimant as a "covered individual," as defined in R.S.43:21-27(b); provided further that no benefits shall be payable under this subsection to any individual:
- (A) For any period during which such individual is not under the care of a legally licensed physician, dentist, optometrist, podiatrist, practicing psychologist, advanced practice nurse, or chiropractor, who, when requested by the division, shall certify within the scope of the practitioner's practice, the disability of the individual, the probable duration thereof, and, where applicable, the medical facts within the practitioner's knowledge;
 - (B) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1980, c.90.)
- (C) For any period of disability due to willfully or intentionally self-inflicted injury, or to injuries sustained in the perpetration by the individual of a crime of the first, second or third degree;
- (D) For any week with respect to which or a part of which the individual has received or is seeking benefits under any unemployment compensation or disability benefits law of any other state or of the United States; provided that if the appropriate agency of such other state or the United States finally determines that the

- individual is not entitled to such benefits, this disqualification shall not apply;
- 3 (E) For any week with respect to which or part of which the 4 individual has received or is seeking disability benefits under the 5 "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 6 et seq.);

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- (F) For any period of disability commencing while such individual is a "covered individual," as defined in subsection (b) of section 3 of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-27).
- 11 (2) The individual is taking family temporary disability leave to 12 provide care for a family member with a serious health condition or to be with a child during the first 12 months after the child's birth or 13 14 placement of the child for adoption with the individual, and the 15 individual would be eligible to receive benefits under R.S.43:21-1 16 et seq. (without regard to the maximum amount of benefits payable 17 during any benefit year) except for the individual's unavailability 18 for work while taking the family temporary disability leave, and the 19 individual has furnished notice and proof of claim to the division, in 20 accordance with its rules and regulations, and payment is not precluded by the provisions of R.S.43:21-3(d) provided, however, 21 22 that benefits paid under this subsection (f) shall be computed on the 23 basis of only those base year wages earned by the claimant as a 24 "covered individual," as defined in R.S.43:21-27(b); provided 25 further that no benefits shall be payable under this subsection to any 26 individual:
 - (A) For any week with respect to which or a part of which the individual has received or is seeking benefits under any unemployment compensation or disability benefits law of any other state or of the United States; provided that if the appropriate agency of such other state or the United States finally determines that the individual is not entitled to such benefits, this disqualification shall not apply;
 - (B) For any week with respect to which or part of which the individual has received or is seeking disability benefits for a disability of the individual under the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et seq.);
- 38 (C) For any period of family temporary disability leave 39 commencing while the individual is a "covered individual," as 40 defined in subsection (b) of section 3 of the "Temporary Disability 41 Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-27): or
- 42 (D) For any period of family temporary disability leave for a
 43 serious health condition of a family member of the claimant during
 44 which the family member is not receiving inpatient care in a
 45 hospital, hospice, or residential medical care facility and is not
 46 subject to continuing medical treatment or continuing supervision
 47 by a health care provider, who, when requested by the division,
 48 shall certify within the scope of the provider's practice, the serious

health condition of the family member, the probable duration thereof, and, where applicable, the medical facts within the provider's knowledge.

- (3) Benefit payments under this subsection (f) shall be charged to and paid from the State disability benefits fund established by the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et seq.), and shall not be charged to any employer account in computing any employer's experience rate for contributions payable under this chapter.
- (g) Benefits based on service in employment defined in subparagraphs (B) and (C) of R.S.43:21-19 (i)(1) shall be payable in the same amount and on the terms and subject to the same conditions as benefits payable on the basis of other service subject to the "unemployment compensation law"; except that, notwithstanding any other provisions of the "unemployment compensation law":
- (1) With respect to service performed after December 31, 1977, in an instructional research, or principal administrative capacity for an educational institution, benefits shall not be paid based on such services for any week of unemployment commencing during the period between two successive academic years, or during a similar period between two regular terms, whether or not successive, or during a period of paid sabbatical leave provided for in the individual's contract, to any individual if such individual performs such services in the first of such academic years (or terms) and if there is a contract or a reasonable assurance that such individual will perform services in any such capacity for any educational institution in the second of such academic years or terms;
- (2) With respect to weeks of unemployment beginning after September 3, 1982, on the basis of service performed in any other capacity for an educational institution, benefits shall not be paid on the basis of such services to any individual for any week which commences during a period between two successive academic years or terms if such individual performs such services in the first of such academic years or terms and there is a reasonable assurance that such individual will perform such services in the second of such academic years or terms, except that if benefits are denied to any individual under this paragraph (2) and the individual was not offered an opportunity to perform these services for the educational institution for the second of any academic years or terms, the individual shall be entitled to a retroactive payment of benefits for each week for which the individual filed a timely claim for benefits and for which benefits were denied solely by reason of this clause;
- (3) With respect to those services described in paragraphs (1) and (2) above, benefits shall not be paid on the basis of such services to any individual for any week which commences during an established and customary vacation period or holiday recess if such individual performs such services in the period immediately

before such vacation period or holiday recess, and there is a reasonable assurance that such individual will perform such services in the period immediately following such period or holiday recess;

- (4) With respect to any services described in paragraphs (1) and (2) above, benefits shall not be paid as specified in paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) above to any individual who performed those services in an educational institution while in the employ of an educational service agency, and for this purpose the term "educational service agency" means a governmental agency or governmental entity which is established and operated exclusively for the purpose of providing those services to one or more educational institutions.
- (h) Benefits shall not be paid to any individual on the basis of any services, substantially all of which consist of participating in sports or athletic events or training or preparing to so participate, for any week which commences during the period between two successive sports seasons (or similar periods) if such individual performed such services in the first of such seasons (or similar periods) and there is a reasonable assurance that such individual will perform such services in the later of such seasons (or similar periods).
- (i) (1) Benefits shall not be paid on the basis of services performed by an alien unless such alien is an individual who was lawfully admitted for permanent residence at the time the services were performed and was lawfully present for the purpose of performing the services or otherwise was permanently residing in the United States under color of law at the time the services were performed (including an alien who is lawfully present in the United States as a result of the application of the provisions of section 212(d)(5) (8 U.S.C. s.1182 (d)(5)) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. s.1101 et seq.)); provided that any modifications of the provisions of section 3304(a)(14) of the Federal Unemployment Tax Act (26 U.S.C. s.3304 (a)(14)), as provided by Pub.L.94-566, which specify other conditions or other effective dates than stated herein for the denial of benefits based on services performed by aliens and which modifications are required to be implemented under State law as a condition for full tax credit against the tax imposed by the Federal Unemployment Tax Act, shall be deemed applicable under the provisions of this section.
- (2) Any data or information required of individuals applying for benefits to determine whether benefits are not payable to them because of their alien status shall be uniformly required from all applicants for benefits.
- (3) In the case of an individual whose application for benefits would otherwise be approved, no determination that benefits to such individual are not payable because of alien status shall be made except upon a preponderance of the evidence.

1 (j) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, the 2 director may, to the extent that it may be deemed efficient and 3 economical, provide for consolidated administration by one or more 4 representatives or deputies of claims made pursuant to subsection 5 (f) of this section with those made pursuant to Article III (State 6 plan) of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 7 (C.43:21-25 et seq.).

(cf: P.L.2006, c.47, s.187)

15. R.S.43:21-7 is amended to read as follows:

43:21-7. Contributions. Employers other than governmental entities, whose benefit financing provisions are set forth in section 4 of P.L.1971, c.346 (C.43:21-7.3), and those nonprofit organizations liable for payment in lieu of contributions on the basis set forth in section 3 of P.L.1971, c.346 (C.43:21-7.2), shall pay to the controller for the unemployment compensation fund, contributions as set forth in subsections (a), (b) and (c) hereof, and the provisions of subsections (d) and (e) shall be applicable to all employers, consistent with the provisions of the "unemployment compensation law" and the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et seq.).

- (a) Payment.
- (1) Contributions shall accrue and become payable by each employer for each calendar year in which he is subject to this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), with respect to having individuals in his employ during that calendar year, at the rates and on the basis hereinafter set forth. Such contributions shall become due and be paid by each employer to the controller for the fund, in accordance with such regulations as may be prescribed, and shall not be deducted, in whole or in part, from the remuneration of individuals in his employ.
- (2) In the payment of any contributions, a fractional part of a cent shall be disregarded unless it amounts to \$0.005 or more, in which case it shall be increased to \$0.01.
- (b) Rate of contributions. Each employer shall pay the following contributions:
- (1) For the calendar year 1947, and each calendar year thereafter, 2 7/10% of wages paid by him during each such calendar year, except as otherwise prescribed by subsection (c) of this section.
- (2) The "wages" of any individual, with respect to any one employer, as the term is used in this subsection (b) and in subsections (c), (d) and (e) of this section 7, shall include the first \$4,800.00 paid during calendar year 1975, for services performed either within or without this State; provided that no contribution shall be required by this State with respect to services performed in another state if such other state imposes contribution liability with respect thereto. If an employer (hereinafter referred to as a

1 successor employer) during any calendar year acquires substantially 2 all the property used in a trade or business of another employer 3 (hereinafter referred to as a predecessor), or used in a separate unit 4 of a trade or business of a predecessor, and immediately after the 5 acquisition employs in his trade or business an individual who 6 immediately prior to the acquisition was employed in the trade or 7 business of such predecessors, then, for the purpose of determining 8 whether the successor employer has paid wages with respect to 9 employment equal to the first \$4,800.00 paid during calendar year 10 1975, any wages paid to such individual by such predecessor during 11 such calendar year and prior to such acquisition shall be considered 12 as having been paid by such successor employer.

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- (3) For calendar years beginning on and after January 1, 1976, the "wages" of any individual, as defined in the preceding paragraph (2) of this subsection (b), shall be established and promulgated by the Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development on or before September 1 of the preceding year and shall be, 28 times the Statewide average weekly remuneration paid to workers by employers, as determined under R.S.43:21-3(c), raised to the next higher multiple of \$100.00 if not already a multiple thereof, provided that if the amount of wages so determined for a calendar year is less than the amount similarly determined for the preceding year, the greater amount will be used; provided, further, that if the amount of such wages so determined does not equal or exceed the amount of wages as defined in subsection (b) of section 3306 of the Federal Unemployment Tax Act, Chapter 23 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. s.3306(b)), the wages as determined in this paragraph in any calendar year shall be raised to equal the amount established under the Federal Unemployment Tax Act for that calendar year.
 - (c) Future rates based on benefit experience.
- (1) A separate account for each employer shall be maintained and this shall be credited with all the contributions which he has paid on his own behalf on or before January 31 of any calendar year with respect to employment occurring in the preceding calendar year; provided, however, that if January 31 of any calendar year falls on a Saturday or Sunday, an employer's account shall be credited as of January 31 of such calendar year with all the contributions which he has paid on or before the next succeeding day which is not a Saturday or Sunday. But nothing in this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.) shall be construed to grant any employer or individuals in his service prior claims or rights to the amounts paid by him into the fund either on his own behalf or on behalf of such individuals. Benefits paid with respect to benefit years commencing on and after January 1, 1953, to any individual on or before December 31 of any calendar year with respect to unemployment in such calendar year and in preceding calendar years shall be charged against the account or accounts of the

employer or employers in whose employment such individual established base weeks constituting the basis of such benefits, except that, with respect to benefit years commencing after January 4, 1998, an employer's account shall not be charged for benefits paid to a claimant if the claimant's employment by that employer was ended in any way which, pursuant to subsection (a), (b), (c), (f), (g) or (h) of R.S.43:21-5, would have disqualified the claimant for benefits if the claimant had applied for benefits at the time when that employment ended. Benefits paid under a given benefit determination shall be charged against the account of the employer to whom such determination relates. When each benefit payment is made, either a copy of the benefit check or other form of notification shall be promptly sent to the employer against whose account the benefits are to be charged. Such copy or notification shall identify the employer against whose account the amount of such payment is being charged, shall show at least the name and social security account number of the claimant and shall specify the period of unemployment to which said check applies. If the total amount of benefits paid to a claimant and charged to the account of the appropriate employer exceeds 50% of the total base year, base week wages paid to the claimant by that employer, then such employer shall have canceled from his account such excess benefit charges as specified above.

Each employer shall be furnished an annual summary statement of benefits charged to his account.

- (2) Regulations may be prescribed for the establishment, maintenance, and dissolution of joint accounts by two or more employers, and shall, in accordance with such regulations and upon application by two or more employers to establish such an account, or to merge their several individual accounts in a joint account, maintain such joint account as if it constituted a single employer's account.
- (3) No employer's rate shall be lower than 5.4% unless assignment of such lower rate is consistent with the conditions applicable to additional credit allowance for such year under section 3303(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. s.3303(a)(1)), any other provision of this section to the contrary notwithstanding.
- (4) Employer Reserve Ratio. (A) Each employer's rate shall be 2 8/10%, except as otherwise provided in the following provisions. No employer's rate for the 12 months commencing July 1 of any calendar year shall be other than 2 8/10%, unless as of the preceding January 31 such employer shall have paid contributions with respect to wages paid in each of the three calendar years immediately preceding such year, in which case such employer's rate for the 12 months commencing July 1 of any calendar year shall be determined on the basis of his record up to the beginning of such calendar year, the

total of all his contributions, paid on his own behalf, for all past years exceeds the total benefits charged to his account for all such years, his contribution rate shall be:

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- (1) 2 5/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 4%, but less than 5%, of his average annual payroll (as defined in paragraph (2), subsection (a) of R.S.43:21-19);
- (2) 2 2/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 5%, but is less than 6%, of his average annual payroll;
- 9 (3) 1 9/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 6%, but is less than 7%, of his average annual payroll;
 - (4) 1 6/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 7%, but is less than 8%, of his average annual payroll;
- 13 (5) 1 3/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 8%, but is less than 9%, of his average annual payroll;
 - (6) 1%, if such excess equals or exceeds 9%, but is less than 10%, of his average annual payroll;
 - (7) 7/10 of 1%, if such excess equals or exceeds 10%, but is less than 11%, of his average annual payroll;
 - (8) 4/10 of 1%, if such excess equals or exceeds 11% of his average annual payroll.
 - (B) If the total of an employer's contributions, paid on his own behalf, for all past periods for the purposes of this paragraph (4), is less than the total benefits charged against his account during the same period, his rate shall be:
 - (1) 4%, if such excess is less than 10% of his average annual payroll;
 - (2) 4 3/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 10%, but is less than 20%, of his average annual payroll;
- 29 (3) 4 6/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 20% of his average annual payroll.
 - (C) Specially assigned rates.
 - (i) If no contributions were paid on wages for employment in any calendar year used in determining the average annual payroll of an employer eligible for an assigned rate under this paragraph (4), the employer's rate shall be specially assigned as follows:
 - if the reserve balance in its account is positive, its assigned rate shall be the highest rate in effect for positive balance accounts for that period, or 5.4%, whichever is higher, and
 - if the reserve balance in its account is negative, its assigned rate shall be the highest rate in effect for deficit accounts for that period.
 - (ii) If, following the purchase of a corporation with little or no activity, known as a corporate shell, the resulting employing unit operates a new or different business activity, the employing unit shall be assigned a new employer rate.
- 45 (iii) Entities operating under common ownership, management or 46 control, when the operation of the entities is not identifiable,

distinguishable and severable, shall be considered a single employer for the purposes of this chapter (R.S. 43:21-1 et seq.).

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- (D) The contribution rates prescribed by subparagraphs (A) and (B) of this paragraph (4) shall be increased or decreased in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (5) of this subsection (c) for experience rating periods through June 30, 1986.
- 7 (5) (A) Unemployment Trust Fund Reserve Ratio. If on March 8 31 of any calendar year the balance in the unemployment trust fund 9 equals or exceeds 4% but is less than 7% of the total taxable wages 10 reported to the controller as of that date in respect to employment 11 during the preceding calendar year, the contribution rate, effective 12 July 1 following, of each employer eligible for a contribution rate 13 calculation based upon benefit experience, shall be increased by 14 3/10 of 1% over the contribution rate otherwise established under 15 the provisions of paragraph (3) or (4) of this subsection. If on 16 March 31 of any calendar year the balance of the unemployment 17 trust fund exceeds 2 1/2% but is less than 4% of the total taxable 18 wages reported to the controller as of that date in respect to 19 employment during the preceding calendar year, the contribution 20 rate, effective July 1 following, of each employer eligible for a 21 contribution rate calculation based upon benefit experience, shall be increased by 6/10 of 1% over the contribution rate otherwise 22 23 established under the provisions of paragraph (3) or (4) of this 24 subsection.

If on March 31 of any calendar year the balance of the unemployment trust fund is less than 2 1/2% of the total taxable wages reported to the controller as of that date in respect to employment during the preceding calendar year, the contribution rate, effective July 1 following, of each employer (1) eligible for a contribution rate calculation based upon benefit experience, shall be increased by (i) 6/10 of 1% over the contribution rate otherwise established under the provisions of paragraph (3), (4)(A) or (4)(B) of this subsection, and (ii) an additional amount equal to 20% of the total rate established herein, provided, however, that the final contribution rate for each employer shall be computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof; (2) not eligible for a contribution rate calculation based upon benefit experience, shall be increased by 6/10 of 1% over the contribution rate otherwise established under the provisions of paragraph (4) of this subsection. For the period commencing July 1, 1984 and ending June 30, 1986, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions under R.S.43:21-7 shall be increased by a factor of 10% computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof.

(B) If on March 31 of any calendar year the balance in the unemployment trust fund equals or exceeds 10% but is less than 12 1/2% of the total taxable wages reported to the controller as of that

1 date in respect to employment during the preceding calendar year, 2 the contribution rate, effective July 1 following, of each employer 3 eligible for a contribution rate calculation based upon benefit 4 experience, shall be reduced by 3/10 of 1% under the contribution 5 rate otherwise established under the provisions of paragraphs (3) 6 and (4) of this subsection; provided that in no event shall the 7 contribution rate of any employer be reduced to less than 4/10 of 8 1%. If on March 31 of any calendar year the balance in the 9 unemployment trust fund equals or exceeds 12 1/2% of the total 10 taxable wages reported to the controller as of that date in respect to 11 employment during the preceding calendar year, the contribution 12 rate, effective July 1 following, of each employer eligible for a 13 contribution rate calculation based upon benefit experience, shall be 14 reduced by 6/10 of 1% if his account for all past periods reflects an 15 excess of contributions paid over total benefits charged of 3% or 16 more of his average annual payroll, otherwise by 3/10 of 1% under 17 the contribution rate otherwise established under the provisions of 18 paragraphs (3) and (4) of this subsection; provided that in no event 19 shall the contribution rate of any employer be reduced to less than 20 4/10 of 1%.

- (C) The "balance" in the unemployment trust fund, as the term is used in subparagraphs (A) and (B) above, shall not include moneys credited to the State's account under section 903 of the Social Security Act, as amended (42 U.S.C.s.1103), during any period in which such moneys are appropriated for the payment of expenses incurred in the administration of the "unemployment compensation law."
- (D) Prior to July 1 of each calendar year the controller shall determine the Unemployment Trust Reserve Ratio, which shall be calculated by dividing the balance of the unemployment trust fund as of the prior March 31 by total taxable wages reported to the controller by all employers as of March 31 with respect to their employment during the last calendar year.
 - (E) (i)(Deleted by amendment, P.L.1997, c.263).
- 35 (ii)(Deleted by amendment, P.L.2001, c.152).

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- 36 (iii)(Deleted by amendment, P.L.2003, c.107).
- 37 (iv)(Deleted by amendment, P.L.2004, c.45).
- 38 (v) [With respect to the experience rating year beginning on 39 July 1, 2003, the new employer rate or the unemployment 40 experience rate of an employer under this section shall be the rate 41 which appears in the column headed by the Unemployment Trust 42 Fund Reserve Ratio as of the applicable calculation date and on the line with the Employer Reserve Ratio, as defined in paragraph 4 of 43 44 this subsection (R.S.43:21-7 (c)(4)), as set forth in the following 45 table:

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1	EXPERIENCE RATING TAX TABLE									
2	Fund Reserve Ratio ¹									
3										
4		2.50%	2.00%	1.50%	1.00%	0.99%				
5	Employer	and	to	to	to	and				
6	Reserve	Over	2.49%	1.99%	1.49%	Under				
7	Ratio ²	A	В	C	D	E				
8	Positive Reserve Ratio:									
9	17% and over	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	1.2				
10	16.00% to 16.99%	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	1.2				
11	15.00% to 15.99%	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.7	1.2				
12	14.00% to 14.99%	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.2				
13	13.00% to 13.99%	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.2				
14	12.00% to 12.99%	0.6	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.2				
15	11.00% to 11.99%	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.2				
16	10.00% to 10.99%	0.9	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.6				
17	9.00% to 9.99%	1.0	1.3	1.6	1.7	1.9				
18	8.00% to 8.99%	1.3	1.6	1.9	2.1	2.3				
19	7.00% to 7.99%	1.4	1.8	2.2	2.4	2.6				
20	6.00% to 6.99%	1.7	2.1	2.5	2.8	3.0				
21	5.00% to 5.99%	1.9	2.4	2.8	3.1	3.4				
22	4.00% to 4.99%	2.0	2.6	3.1	3.4	3.7				
23	3.00% to 3.99%	2.1	2.7	3.2	3.6	3.9				
24	2.00% to 2.99%	2.2	2.8	3.3	3.7	4.0				
25	1.00% to 1.99%	2.3	2.9	3.4	3.8	4.1				
26	0.00% to 0.99%	2.4	3.0	3.6	4.0	4.3				
27	Deficit Reserve Ratio:									
28	-0.00% to -2.99%	3.4	4.3	5.1	5.6	6.1				
29	-3.00% to -5.99%	3.4	4.3	5.1	5.7	6.2				
30	-6.00% to -8.99%	3.5	4.4	5.2	5.8	6.3				
31	-9.00% to-11.99%	3.5	4.5	5.3	5.9	6.4				
32	-12.00% to-14.99%	3.6	4.6	5.4	6.0	6.5				
33	-15.00% to-19.99%	3.6	4.6	5.5	6.1	6.6				
34	-20.00% to-24.99%	3.7	4.7	5.6	6.2	6.7				
35	-25.00% to-29.99%	3.7	4.8	5.6	6.3	6.8				
36	-30.00% to-34.99%	3.8	4.8	5.7	6.3	6.9				
37	-35.00% and under	5.4	5.4	5.8	6.4	7.0				
38	New Employer Rate	2.8	2.8	2.8	3.1	3.4				
39	¹ Fund balance as of Mar	ch 31 a	as a per	centage	e of tax	able wages				
40	in the prior calendar year.									
41	² Employer Reserve Rat	io (Co	ntributi	ons mi	nus be	nefits as a				
42	percentage of employer's taxable wages).] (Deleted by amendment,									
43	P.L. , c.)(pending before the Legislature as this bill)									
44	(vi) With respect to experience rating years beginning on or after									
45	July 1, 2004, the new employer rate or the unemployment									
46	experience rate of an employer under this section shall be the rate									
47	which appears in the colum	nn head	led by	the Un	employ	ment Trust				
10	Fund Deserve Datio as of th		aabla a	ماميرامد:	on dota	and an tha				

Fund Reserve Ratio as of the applicable calculation date and on the

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1	line with the Employer Dec	omuo Do	utio os	dofinad	lin nor	ograph 1 of					
1 2	line with the Employer Reserve Ratio, as defined in paragraph 4 of this subsection (R.S.43:21-7 (c)(4)), as set forth in the following										
3	this subsection (R.S.43:21-7 (c)(4)), as set forth in the following table:										
4	tuoie.										
5	EXPERIENCE RATING TAX TABLE										
6	Fund Reserve Ratio ¹										
7											
8		1.40%	1.00%	0.75%	0.50%	0.49%					
9	Employer	and	to	to	to	and					
10	Reserve	Over	1.39%	0.99%	0.74%	Under					
11	Ratio ²	A	В	C	D	E					
12	Positive Reserve Ratio:										
13	17% and over	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	1.2					
14	16.00% to 16.99%	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	1.2					
15	15.00% to 15.99%	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.7	1.2					
16	14.00% to 14.99%	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.2					
17	13.00% to 13.99%	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.2					
18	12.00% to 12.99%	0.6	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.2					
19	11.00% to 11.99%	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.2					
20	10.00% to 10.99%	0.9	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.6					
21	9.00% to 9.99%	1.0	1.3	1.6	1.7	1.9					
22	8.00% to 8.99%	1.3	1.6	1.9	2.1	2.3					
23	7.00% to 7.99%	1.4	1.8	2.2	2.4	2.6					
24	6.00% to 6.99%	1.7	2.1	2.5	2.8	3.0					
25	5.00% to 5.99%	1.9	2.4	2.8	3.1	3.4					
26	4.00% to 4.99%	2.0	2.6	3.1	3.4	3.7					
27	3.00% to 3.99%	2.1	2.7	3.2	3.6	3.9					
28	2.00% to 2.99%	2.2	2.8	3.3	3.7	4.0					
29	1.00% to 1.99%	2.3	2.9	3.4	3.8	4.1					
30	0.00% to 0.99%	2.4	3.0	3.6	4.0	4.3					
31	Deficit Reserve Ratio:										
32	-0.00% to -2.99%	3.4	4.3	5.1	5.6	6.1					
33	-3.00% to -5.99%	3.4	4.3	5.1	5.7	6.2					
34	-6.00% to -8.99%	3.5	4.4	5.2	5.8	6.3					
35	-9.00% to-11.99%	3.5	4.5	5.3	5.9	6.4					
36	-12.00% to-14.99%	3.6	4.6	5.4	6.0	6.5					
37	-15.00% to-19.99%	3.6	4.6	5.5	6.1	6.6					
38	-20.00% to-24.99%	3.7	4.7	5.6	6.2	6.7					
39	-25.00% to-29.99%	3.7	4.8	5.6	6.3	6.8					
40	-30.00% to-34.99%	3.8	4.8	5.7	6.3	6.9					
41	-35.00% and under	5.4	5.4	5.8	6.4	7.0					
42	New Employer Rate	2.8	2.8	2.8	3.1	3.4					
43	¹ Fund balance as of Mar	ch 31 a	as a per	centage	e of tax	able wages					
44	in the prior calendar year.										
45	² Employer Reserve Ratio (Contributions minus benefits as a										
46	percentage of employer's taxable wages).										
17	(F) (i) (Deleted by amendment D.I. 1997 c. 263)										

⁽F) (i) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1997, c.263).

- (ii) [With respect to experience rating years beginning on or after July 1, 1997, if the fund reserve ratio, based on the fund balance as of the prior March 31, is less than 1.00%, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be increased by a factor of 10% computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof.] (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill)
 - (iii) With respect to experience rating years beginning on or after July 1, 2004, if the fund reserve ratio, based on the fund balance as of the prior March 31, is less than 0.50%, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be increased by a factor of 10% computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof.
 - (G) On or after January 1, 1993, notwithstanding any other provisions of this paragraph (5), the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be decreased by 0.1%, except that, during any experience rating year starting before January 1, 1998 in which the fund reserve ratio is equal to or greater than 7.00% or during any experience rating year starting on or after January 1, 1998, in which the fund reserve ratio is equal to or greater than 3.5%, there shall be no decrease pursuant to this subparagraph (G) in the contribution of any employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.00% or under.
- (H) [On or after January 1, 1993 until December 31, 1993, notwithstanding any other provisions of this paragraph (5), the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be decreased by a factor of 52.0% computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10%, except that, if an employer has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.0% or under, the employer's rate of contribution shall not be reduced pursuant to this subparagraph (H) to less than 5.4%. The amount of the reduction in the employer contributions stipulated by this subparagraph (H) shall be in addition to the amount of the reduction in the employer contributions stipulated by subparagraph (G) of this paragraph (5), except that the rate of contribution of an employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.0% or under shall not be reduced pursuant to this subparagraph (H) to less than 5.4% and the rate of contribution of any other employer shall not be reduced to less than 0.0%. On or after January 1, 1994 until December 31, 1995, except as provided pursuant to subparagraph (I) of this paragraph (5), notwithstanding any other provisions of this paragraph (5), the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be decreased by a factor of 36.0% computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10%, except

that, if an employer has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.0% or under, the employer's rate of contribution shall not be reduced pursuant to this subparagraph (H) to less than 5.4%. The amount of the reduction in the employer contributions stipulated by this subparagraph (H) shall be in addition to the amount of the reduction in the employer contributions stipulated by subparagraph (G) of this paragraph (5), except that the rate of contribution of an employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.0% or under shall not be reduced pursuant to this subparagraph (H) to less than 5.4% and the rate of contribution of any other employer shall not be reduced to less than 0.0%.

On or after April 1, 1996 until December 31, 1996, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be decreased by a factor of 25.0% computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10%, except that, if an employer has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.0% or under, the employer's rate of contribution shall not be reduced pursuant to this subparagraph (H) to less than 5.4%. The amount of the reduction in the employer contributions stipulated by this subparagraph (H) shall be in addition to the amount of the reduction in the employer contributions stipulated by subparagraph (G) of this paragraph (5), except that the rate of contribution of an employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.0% or under shall not be reduced pursuant to this subparagraph (H) to less than 5.4% and the rate of contribution of any other employer shall not be reduced to less than 0.0%.

On or after January 1, 1997 until December 31, 1997, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be decreased by a factor of 10.0% computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10%, except that, if an employer has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.0% or under, the employer's rate of contribution shall not be reduced pursuant to this subparagraph (H) to less than 5.4%. The amount of the reduction in the employer contributions stipulated by this subparagraph (H) shall be in addition to the amount of the reduction in the employer contributions stipulated by subparagraph (G) of this paragraph (5), except that the rate of contribution of an employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.0% or under shall not be reduced pursuant to this subparagraph (H) to less than 5.4% and the rate of contribution of any other employer shall not be reduced to less than 0.0%.

On and after January 1, 1998 until December 31, 2000 and on or after January 1, 2002 until June 30, 2006, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be decreased by a factor, as set out below, computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10%, except that, if an employer has a deficit reserve ratio of negative

- 1 35.0% or under, the employer's rate of contribution shall not be
- 2 reduced pursuant to this subparagraph (H) to less than 5.4%:
- From January 1, 1998 until December 31, 1998, a factor of 12%;
- 4 From January 1, 1999 until December 31, 1999, a factor of 10%;
- From January 1, 2000 until December 31, 2000, a factor of 7%;
- 6 From January 1, 2002 until March 31, 2002, a factor of 36%;
- From April 1, 2002 until June 30, 2002, a factor of 85%;
- 8 From July 1, 2002 until June 30, 2003, a factor of 15%;
- 9 From July 1, 2003 until June 30, 2004, a factor of 15%;
- 10 From July 1, 2004 until June 30, 2005, a factor of 7%;

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- From July 1, 2005 until December 31, 2005, a factor of 16%; and
- 12 From January 1, 2006 until June 30, 2006, a factor of 34%.

The amount of the reduction in the employer contributions stipulated by this subparagraph (H) shall be in addition to the amount of the reduction in the employer contributions stipulated by subparagraph (G) of this paragraph (5), except that the rate of contribution of an employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.0% or under shall not be reduced pursuant to this subparagraph (H) to less than 5.4% and the rate of contribution of any other employer shall not be reduced to less than 0.0%.

(I) [If the fund reserve ratio decreases to a level of less than 4.00% on March 31 of calendar year 1994 or calendar year 1995, the provisions of subparagraph (H) of this paragraph (5) shall cease to be in effect as of July 1 of that calendar year.

If, upon calculating the unemployment compensation fund reserve ratio pursuant to R.S.43:21-7(c)(5)(D) prior to March 31, 1997, March 31, 1998 or March 31, 1999, the controller finds that the fund reserve ratio has decreased to a level of less than 3.00%, the Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development shall notify the State Treasurer of this fact and of the dollar amount necessary to bring the fund reserve ratio up to a level of 3.00%. The State Treasurer shall, prior to March 31, 1997, March 31, 1998 or March 31, 1999, as applicable, transfer from the General Fund to the unemployment compensation fund, revenues in the amount specified by the commissioner and which, upon deposit in the unemployment compensation fund, shall result, upon recalculation, in a fund reserve ratio used to determine employer contributions beginning July 1, 1997, July 1, 1998, July 1, 1999, as applicable, of 3.00%. If, upon calculating the unemployment compensation fund reserve ratio pursuant to R.S.43:21-7(c)(5)(D) prior to March 31, 2000, the controller finds that the fund reserve ratio has decreased to a level of less than 3.00%, the Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development shall notify the State Treasurer of this fact and of the dollar amount necessary to bring the fund reserve ratio up to a level of 3.00%. The State Treasurer shall, prior to March 31, 2000, transfer from the General Fund to the unemployment compensation fund, revenues in the amount

specified by the commissioner and which, upon deposit in the

unemployment compensation fund, shall result, upon recalculation, in a fund reserve ratio used to determine employer contributions beginning July 1, 2000 of at least 3.00%. (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill)

(J) On or after July 1, 2001, notwithstanding any other provisions of this paragraph (5), the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be decreased by 0.0175%, except that, during any experience rating year starting on or after July 1, 2001, in which the fund reserve ratio is equal to or greater than 3.5%, there shall be no decrease pursuant to this subparagraph (J) in the contribution of any employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.00% or under. The amount of the reduction in the employer contributions stipulated by this subparagraph (J) shall be in addition to the amount of the reduction in the employer contributions stipulated by subparagraphs (G) and (H) of this paragraph (5), except that the rate of contribution of an employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.0% or under shall not be reduced pursuant to this subparagraph (J) to less than 5.4% and the rate of contribution of any other employer shall not be reduced to less than 0.0%.

(6) Additional contributions.

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Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any employer who has been assigned a contribution rate pursuant to subsection (c) of this section for the year commencing July 1, 1948, and for any year commencing July 1 thereafter, may voluntarily make payment of additional contributions, and upon such payment shall receive a recomputation of the experience rate applicable to such employer, including in the calculation the additional contribution so made, except that, following a transfer as described under R.S.43:21-7(c)(7)(D), neither the predecessor nor successor in interest shall be eligible to make a voluntary payment of additional contributions during the year the transfer occurs and the next full calendar year. Any such additional contribution shall be made during the 30-day period following the date of the mailing to the employer of the notice of his contribution rate as prescribed in this section, unless, for good cause, the time for payment has been extended by the controller for not to exceed an additional 60 days; provided that in no event may such payments which are made later than 120 days after the beginning of the year for which such rates are effective be considered in determining the experience rate for the year in which the payment is made. Any employer receiving any extended period of time within which to make such additional payment and failing to make such payment timely shall be, in addition to the required amount of additional payment, liable for a penalty of 5% thereof or \$5.00, whichever is greater, not to exceed \$50.00. Any adjustment under this subsection shall be made only in the form of credits against accrued or future contributions.

(7) Transfers.

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(A) Upon the transfer of the organization, trade or business, or substantially all the assets of an employer to a successor in interest, whether by merger, consolidation, sale, transfer, descent or otherwise, the controller shall transfer the employment experience of the predecessor employer to the successor in interest, including credit for past years, contributions paid, annual payrolls, benefit charges, et cetera, applicable to such predecessor employer, pursuant to regulation, if it is determined that the employment experience of the predecessor employer with respect to the organization, trade, assets or business which has been transferred may be considered indicative of the future employment experience of the successor in interest. The successor in interest may, within four months of the date of such transfer of the organization, trade, assets or business, or thereafter upon good cause shown, request a reconsideration of the transfer of employment experience of the predecessor employer. The request for reconsideration shall demonstrate, to the satisfaction of the controller, that the employment experience of the predecessor is not indicative of the future employment experience of the successor.

(B) An employer who transfers part of his or its organization, trade, assets or business to a successor in interest, whether by merger, consolidation, sale, transfer, descent or otherwise, may jointly make application with such successor in interest for transfer of that portion of the employment experience of the predecessor employer relating to the portion of the organization, trade, assets or business transferred to the successor in interest, including credit for past years, contributions paid, annual payrolls, benefit charges, et cetera, applicable to such predecessor employer. The transfer of employment experience may be allowed pursuant to regulation only if it is found that the employment experience of the predecessor employer with respect to the portion of the organization, trade, assets or business which has been transferred may be considered indicative of the future employment experience of the successor in interest. Credit shall be given to the successor in interest only for the years during which contributions were paid by the predecessor employer with respect to that part of the organization, trade, assets or business transferred.

(C) A transfer of the employment experience in whole or in part having become final, the predecessor employer thereafter shall not be entitled to consideration for an adjusted rate based upon his or its experience or the part thereof, as the case may be, which has thus been transferred. A successor in interest to whom employment experience or a part thereof is transferred pursuant to this subsection shall, as of the date of the transfer of the organization, trade, assets or business, or part thereof, immediately become an employer if not theretofore an employer subject to this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.).

- (D) If an employer who transfers in whole or in part his or its organization, trade, assets or business to a successor in interest, whether by merger, consolidation, sale, transfer, descent or otherwise and both the employer and successor in interest are at the time of the transfer under common ownership, management or control, then the employment experience attributable to the transferred business shall also be transferred to and combined with the employment experience of the successor in interest. The transfer of the employment experience is mandatory and not subject to appeal or protest.
- (E) The transfer of part of an employer's employment experience to a successor in interest shall become effective as of the first day of the calendar quarter following the acquisition by the successor in interest. As of the effective date, the successor in interest shall have its employer rate recalculated by merging its existing employment experience, if any, with the employment experience acquired. If the successor in interest is not an employer as of the date of acquisition, it shall be assigned the new employer rate until the effective date of the transfer of employment experience.
- (F) Upon the transfer in whole or in part of the organization, trade, assets or business to a successor in interest, the employment experience shall not be transferred if the successor in interest is not an employer at the time of the acquisition and the controller finds that the successor in interest acquired the business solely or primarily for the purpose of obtaining a lower rate of contributions.
- (d) Contributions of workers to the unemployment compensation fund and the State disability benefits fund.
- (1) (A) For periods after January 1, 1975, each worker shall contribute to the fund 1% of his wages with respect to his employment with an employer, which occurs on and after January 1, 1975, after such employer has satisfied the condition set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer; provided, however, that such contributions shall be at the rate of 1/2 of 1% of wages paid with respect to employment while the worker is in the employ of the State of New Jersey, or any governmental entity or instrumentality which is an employer as defined under R.S.43:21-19(h)(5), or is covered by an approved private plan under the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" or while the worker is exempt from the provisions of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" under section 7 of that law, P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-31).
- (B) Effective January 1, 1978 there shall be no contributions by workers in the employ of any governmental or nongovernmental employer electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions unless the employer is covered by the State plan under the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" (C.43:21-25 et seq.), and in that case contributions shall be at the rate of 1/2 of 1%, except that commencing July 1, 1986, workers in the employ of any

nongovernmental employer electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions shall be required to make contributions to the fund at the same rate prescribed for workers of other nongovernmental employers.

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5 (C) (i) Notwithstanding the above provisions of this paragraph 6 (1), during the period starting July 1, 1986 and ending December 7 31, 1992, each worker shall contribute to the fund 1.125% of wages 8 paid with respect to his employment with a governmental employer 9 electing or required to pay contributions or nongovernmental 10 employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer 11 as defined under R.S.43:21-19(h)(6), regardless of whether that 12 nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of 13 14 contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set 15 forth in subsection R.S.43:21-19(h) with respect to becoming an 16 employer. Contributions, however, shall be at the rate of 0.625% 17 while the worker is covered by an approved private plan under the 18 "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" while the worker is exempt 19 under section 7 of that law, P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-31) or any 20 other provision of that law; provided that such contributions shall 21 be at the rate of 0.625% of wages paid with respect to employment 22 with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or 23 instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of 24 contributions and which is covered by the State plan under the 25 "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," except that, while the worker 26 is exempt from the provisions of the "Temporary Disability Benefits 27 Law" under section 7 of that law, P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-31) or any other provision of that law, or is covered for disability benefits 28 29 by an approved private plan of the employer, the contributions to 30 the fund shall be 0.125%.

- (ii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1995, c.422.)
- 32 (D) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this paragraph (1), during the period starting January 1, 1993 and ending June 30, 33 34 1994, each worker shall contribute to the unemployment 35 compensation fund 0.5% of wages paid with respect to the worker's 36 employment with a governmental employer electing or required to 37 pay contributions or nongovernmental employer, including a 38 nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under 39 paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of 40 whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance 41 its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in 42 lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions 43 set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming 44 an employer. No contributions, however, shall be made by the 45 worker while the worker is covered by an approved private plan 46 under the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 47 (C.43:21-25 et seq.) or while the worker is exempt under section 7 48 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-31) or any other provision of that law;

provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.50% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions and which is covered by the State plan under the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," except that, while the worker is exempt from the provisions of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" under section 7 of that law, P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-31) or any other provision of that law, or is covered for disability benefits by an approved private plan of the employer, no contributions shall be made to the fund.

Each worker shall, starting on January 1, 1996 and ending March 31, 1996, contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 0.60% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions or nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.10% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions.

Each worker shall, starting on January 1, 1998 and ending December 31, 1998, contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 0.10% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions or nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.10% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions.

Each worker shall, starting on January 1, 1999 until December 31, 1999, contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 0.15% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions or nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with

contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.10% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions.

Each worker shall, starting on January 1, 2000 until December 31, 2001, contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 0.20% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions or nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.10% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions.

Each worker shall, starting on January 1, 2002 until June 30, 2004, contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 0.1825% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions or a nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.0825% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions.

Each worker shall, starting on and after July 1, 2004, contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 0.3825% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions or nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an

employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.0825% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions.

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- (E) Each employer shall, notwithstanding any provision of law in this State to the contrary, withhold in trust the amount of his workers' contributions from their wages at the time such wages are paid, shall show such deduction on his payroll records, shall furnish such evidence thereof to his workers as the division or controller may prescribe, and shall transmit all such contributions, in addition to his own contributions, to the office of the controller in such manner and at such times as may be prescribed. If any employer fails to deduct the contributions of any of his workers at the time their wages are paid, or fails to make a deduction therefor at the time wages are paid for the next succeeding payroll period, he alone shall thereafter be liable for such contributions, and for the purpose of R.S.43:21-14, such contributions shall be treated as employer's contributions required from him.
- (F) As used in this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), except when the context clearly requires otherwise, the term "contributions" shall include the contributions of workers pursuant to this section.
- (G) (i) Each worker shall, starting on July 1, 1994, contribute to the State disability benefits fund an amount equal to 0.50% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a government employer electing or required to pay contributions to the State disability benefits fund or nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, unless the employer is covered by an approved private disability plan or is exempt from the provisions of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et seq.) under section 7 of that law (C.43:21-31) or any other provision of that law.
- 33 (ii) Each worker shall contribute to the State disability benefits 34 fund, in addition to any amount contributed pursuant to subparagraph (i) of this paragraph (1)(G), an amount equal to, during calendar year 2009, 0.09%, and during calendar year 2010 and each subsequent calendar year, 0.12%, of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with any covered employer, 39 including a governmental employer which is an employer as defined under R.S.43:21-19(h)(5), unless the employer is covered by an approved private disability plan for benefits during periods of family temporary disability leave. The contributions made pursuant to this subparagraph (ii) to the State disability benefits fund shall be 44 deposited into an account of that fund reserved for the payment of benefits during periods of family temporary disability leave as 46 defined in section 3 of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-27) and for the administration of those payments and shall not be used for any other purpose. This account

- 1 shall be known as the "Family Temporary Disability Leave
- 2 Account." Necessary administrative costs shall include the cost of
- 3 an outreach program to inform employees of the availability of the
- 4 benefits and the cost of issuing the reports required or permitted
- pursuant to section 13 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the 5
- 6 Legislature as this bill). No monies, other than the funds in the
- 7 "Family Temporary Disability Leave Account," shall be used for
- 8 the payment of benefits during periods of family ²temporary²
- 9 disability leave or for the administration of those payments, with
- 10 the sole exception that, during calendar years 2008 and 2009, a total
- amount not exceeding \$25 million may be transferred to that 11
- 12 account from the revenues received in the State disability benefits
- 13 fund pursuant to subparagraph (i) of this paragraph (1)(G) and be
- 14 expended for those payments and their administration, including the 15 administration of the collection of contributions made pursuant to
- 16 this subparagraph (ii) and any other necessary administrative costs.
- 17 Any amount transferred to the account pursuant to this
- 18 subparagraph (ii) shall be repaid during a period beginning not later
- 19 than January 1, 2011 and ending not later than December 31, 2015.
- 20 No monies, other than the funds in the "Family Temporary
- 21 Disability Leave Account," shall be used under any circumstances
- 22 after December 31, 2009, for the payment of benefits during periods
- 23 of family temporary disability leave or for the administration of
- 24 those payments, including for the administration of the collection of
- 25 contributions made pursuant to this subparagraph (ii).
- 26 (2) (A) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1984, c.24.)
- 27 (B) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1984, c.24.)
- 28 (C) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1994, c.112.)
- 29 (D) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1994, c.112.)
- 30 (E) (i) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1994, c.112.)
- 31 (ii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1996, c.28.)
- 32 (iii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1994, c.112.)
- 33 (3) If an employee receives wages from more than one employer
- 34 during any calendar year, and either the sum of his contributions
- 35 deposited in and credited to the State disability benefits fund plus
- 36 the amount of his contributions, if any, required towards the costs
- 37 of benefits under one or more approved private plans under the
- 38 provisions of section 9 of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law"
- 39 (C.43:21-33) and deducted from his wages, or the sum of such latter
- 40 contributions, if the employee is covered during such calendar year
- 41 only by two or more private plans, exceeds an amount equal to 1/2 42
- of 1% of the "wages" determined in accordance with the provisions 43 of R.S.43:21-7(b)(3) during the calendar years beginning on or after
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- January 1, 1976, the employee shall be entitled to a refund of the 45 excess if he makes a claim to the controller within two years after
- 46 the end of the calendar year in which the wages are received with
- 47 respect to which the refund is claimed and establishes his right to
- 48 such refund. Such refund shall be made by the controller from the

State disability benefits fund. No interest shall be allowed or paid with respect to any such refund. The controller shall, in accordance with prescribed regulations, determine the portion of the aggregate amount of such refunds made during any calendar year which is applicable to private plans for which deductions were made under section 9 of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" (C.43:21-33) such determination to be based upon the ratio of the amount of such wages exempt from contributions to such fund, as provided in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) of this subsection with respect to coverage under private plans, to the total wages so exempt plus the amount of such wages subject to contributions to the disability benefits fund, as provided in subparagraph (G) of paragraph (1) of this subsection. The controller shall, in accordance with prescribed regulations, prorate the amount so determined among the applicable private plans in the proportion that the wages covered by each plan bear to the total private plan wages involved in such refunds, and shall assess against and recover from the employer, or the insurer if the insurer has indemnified the employer with respect thereto, the amount so prorated. The provisions of R.S.43:21-14 with respect to collection of employer contributions shall apply to such assessments. The amount so recovered by the controller shall be paid into the State disability benefits fund.

(4) If an individual does not receive any wages from the employing unit which for the purposes of this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.) is treated as his employer, or receives his wages from some other employing unit, such employer shall nevertheless be liable for such individual's contributions in the first instance; and after payment thereof such employer may deduct the amount of such contributions from any sums payable by him to such employing unit, or may recover the amount of such contributions from such employing unit, or, in the absence of such an employing unit, from such individual, in a civil action; provided proceedings therefor are instituted within three months after the date on which such contributions are payable. General rules shall be prescribed whereby such an employing unit may recover the amount of such contributions from such individuals in the same manner as if it were the employer.

- (5) Every employer who has elected to become an employer subject to this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), or to cease to be an employer subject to this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), pursuant to the provisions of R.S.43:21-8, shall post and maintain printed notices of such election on his premises, of such design, in such numbers, and at such places as the director may determine to be necessary to give notice thereof to persons in his service.
- (6) Contributions by workers, payable to the controller as herein provided, shall be exempt from garnishment, attachment, execution, or any other remedy for the collection of debts.
 - (e) Contributions by employers to State disability benefits fund.

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- (1) Except as hereinafter provided, each employer shall, in addition to the contributions required by subsections (a), (b), and (c) of this section, contribute 1/2 of 1% of the wages paid by such employer to workers with respect to employment unless he is not a covered employer as defined in section 3 of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" (C.43:21-27 (a)), except that the rate for the State of New Jersey shall be 1/10 of 1% for the calendar year 1980 and for the first six months of 1981. Prior to July 1, 1981 and prior to July 1 each year thereafter, the controller shall review the experience accumulated in the account of the State of New Jersey and establish a rate for the next following fiscal year which, in combination with worker contributions, will produce sufficient revenue to keep the account in balance; except that the rate so established shall not be less than 1/10 of 1%. Such contributions shall become due and be paid by the employer to the controller for the State disability benefits fund as established by law, in accordance with such regulations as may be prescribed, and shall not be deducted, in whole or in part, from the remuneration of individuals in his employ. In the payment of any contributions, a fractional part of a cent shall be disregarded unless it amounts to \$0.005 or more, in which case it shall be increased to \$0.01.
 - (2) During the continuance of coverage of a worker by an approved private plan of disability benefits under the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," the employer shall be exempt from the contributions required by subparagraph (1) above with respect to wages paid to such worker.
 - (3) (A) The rates of contribution as specified in subparagraph (1) above shall be subject to modification as provided herein with respect to employer contributions due on and after July 1, 1951.
 - (B) A separate disability benefits account shall be maintained for each employer required to contribute to the State disability benefits fund and such account shall be credited with contributions deposited in and credited to such fund with respect to employment occurring on and after January 1, 1949. Each employer's account shall be credited with all contributions paid on or before January 31 of any calendar year on his own behalf and on behalf of individuals in his service with respect to employment occurring in preceding calendar years; provided, however, that if January 31 of any calendar year falls on a Saturday or Sunday an employer's account shall be credited as of January 31 of such calendar year with all the contributions which he has paid on or before the next succeeding day which is not a Saturday or Sunday. But nothing in this act shall be construed to grant any employer or individuals in his service prior claims or rights to the amounts paid by him to the fund either on his own behalf or on behalf of such individuals. Benefits paid to any covered individual in accordance with Article III of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" on or before December 31 of any calendar year with respect to disability in such calendar year

and in preceding calendar years shall be charged against the account of the employer by whom such individual was employed at the commencement of such disability or by whom he was last employed, if out of employment.

- (C) The controller may prescribe regulations for the establishment, maintenance, and dissolution of joint accounts by two or more employers, and shall, in accordance with such regulations and upon application by two or more employers to establish such an account, or to merge their several individual accounts in a joint account, maintain such joint account as if it constituted a single employer's account.
- (D) Prior to July 1 of each calendar year, the controller shall make a preliminary determination of the rate of contribution for the 12 months commencing on such July 1 for each employer subject to the contribution requirements of this subsection (e).
- (1) Such preliminary rate shall be 1/2 of 1% unless on the preceding January 31 of such year such employer shall have been a covered employer who has paid contributions to the State disability benefits fund with respect to employment in the three calendar years immediately preceding such year.
- (2) If the minimum requirements in (1) above have been fulfilled and the credited contributions exceed the benefits charged by more than \$500.00, such preliminary rate shall be as follows:
- (i) 2/10 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 exceeds 1% but is less than 1 1/4% of his average annual payroll as defined in this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.);
- (ii) 15/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 1 1/4% but is less than 1 1/2% of his average annual payroll;
- (iii) 1/10 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 1 1/2% of his average annual payroll.
- (3) If the minimum requirements in (1) above have been fulfilled and the contributions credited exceed the benefits charged but by not more than \$500.00 plus 1% of his average annual payroll, or if the benefits charged exceed the contributions credited but by not more than \$500.00, the preliminary rate shall be 1/4 of 1%.
- (4) If the minimum requirements in (1) above have been fulfilled and the benefits charged exceed the contributions credited by more than \$500.00, such preliminary rate shall be as follows:
 - (i) 35/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 is less than 1/4 of 1% of his average annual payroll;
 - (ii) 45/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 1/4 of 1% but is less than 1/2 of 1% of his average annual payroll;
- 44 (iii) 55/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 45 1/2 of 1% but is less than 3/4 of 1% of his average annual payroll;
- 46 (iv) 65/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 47 3/4 of 1% but is less than 1% of his average annual payroll;

(v) 75/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 1% of his average annual payroll.

- (5) Determination of the preliminary rate as specified in (2), (3) and (4) above shall be subject, however, to the condition that it shall in no event be decreased by more than 1/10 of 1% of wages or increased by more than 2/10 of 1% of wages from the preliminary rate determined for the preceding year in accordance with (1), (2), (3) or (4), whichever shall have been applicable.
- (E) (1) Prior to July 1 of each calendar year the controller shall determine the amount of the State disability benefits fund as of December 31 of the preceding calendar year, increased by the contributions paid thereto during January of the current calendar year with respect to employment occurring in the preceding calendar year. If such amount exceeds the net amount withdrawn from the unemployment trust fund pursuant to section 23 of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-47) plus the amount at the end of such preceding calendar year of the unemployment disability account as defined in section 22 of said law (C.43:21-46), such excess shall be expressed as a percentage of the wages on which contributions were paid to the State disability benefits fund on or before January 31 with respect to employment in the preceding calendar year.
- (2) The controller shall then make a final determination of the rates of contribution for the 12 months commencing July 1 of such year for employers whose preliminary rates are determined as provided in (D) hereof, as follows:
- (i) If the percentage determined in accordance with paragraph (E)(1) of this subsection equals or exceeds 1 1/4%, the final employer rates shall be the preliminary rates determined as provided in (D) hereof, except that if the employer's preliminary rate is determined as provided in (D)(2) or (D)(3) hereof, the final employer rate shall be the preliminary employer rate decreased by such percentage of excess taken to the nearest 5/100 of 1%, but in no case shall such final rate be less than 1/10 of 1%.
- (ii) If the percentage determined in accordance with paragraph (E)(1) of this subsection equals or exceeds 3/4 of 1% and is less than 1 1/4 of 1%, the final employer rates shall be the preliminary employer rates.
- (iii) If the percentage determined in accordance with paragraph (E)(1) of this subsection is less than 3/4 of 1%, but in excess of 1/4 of 1%, the final employer rates shall be the preliminary employer rates determined as provided in (D) hereof increased by the difference between 3/4 of 1% and such percentage taken to the nearest 5/100 of 1%; provided, however, that no such final rate shall be more than 1/4 of 1% in the case of an employer whose preliminary rate is determined as provided in (D)(2) hereof, more than 1/2 of 1% in the case of an employer whose preliminary rate is determined as provided in (D)(3) hereof, nor more than

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1 3/4 of 1% in the case of an employer whose preliminary rate is 2 determined as provided in (D)(4) hereof.

- 3 (iv) If the amount of the State disability benefits fund determined as provided in paragraph (E)(1) of this subsection is equal to or less 4 5 than 1/4 of 1%, then the final rate shall be 2/5 of 1% in the case of 6 an employer whose preliminary rate is determined as provided in 7 (D)(2) hereof, 7/10 of 1% in the case of an employer whose 8 preliminary rate is determined as provided in (D)(1) and (D)(3) 9 hereof, and 1.1% in the case of an employer whose preliminary rate 10 is determined as provided in (D)(4) hereof. Notwithstanding any 11 other provision of law or any determination made by the controller 12 with respect to any 12-month period commencing on July 1, 1970, 13 the final rates for all employers for the period beginning January 1, 14 1971, shall be as set forth herein.
 - (F) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this subsection (e), the rate of contribution paid to the State disability benefits fund by each covered employer as defined in paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of section 3 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-27), shall be determined as if:
 - (i) No disability benefits have been paid with respect to periods of family temporary disability leave; ²[and]²
 - (ii) No worker paid any contributions to the State disability benefits fund pursuant to paragraph (1)(G)(ii) of subsection (d) of this section²; and
 - (3) No amounts were transferred from the State disability benefits funds to the "Family Temporary Disability Leave Account" pursuant to paragraph (1)(G)(ii) of subsection (d) of this section². (cf: P.L.2005, c.249, s.1)

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16. (New Section) Gross income shall not include benefits for family temporary disability leave paid pursuant to P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et seq.) and P.L.____,c.___.(C.____) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).

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17. This act shall take effect immediately.